

# **Operation Manual**

# **OM Series**

# **Quarter - Turn Electrical Actuator**

## **Dixon Sanitary**

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# **Table of Contents**

Overview	4
Important Notices	5
Standard Mounting	6
Specification	7
Storage Information	8
Lubrication	9
Installation	10
Wiring Diagram	11
OM-1, OM-A, OM-A-M, 12V, 24V DC On-Off Controller	12
OM-1, OM-A, OM-A-M, 12V, 24V AC On-Off Controller	13
OM-1, OM-A, OM-A-M, 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase On-Off Controller	14
OM-1, OM-A, OM-A-M, 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase On-Off Controller, 75% duty cycle	15
OM-1, OM-A, OM-A-M, 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase On-Off Controller, Coupling Board	16
OM-1, OM-A, OM-A-M, 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase On-Off Controller, Analog Signal Output	17
OM-1, OM-A, OM-A-M, 24V AC/DC On-Off Controller, Analog Signal Output	18
OM-1, OM-A, OM-A-M, 24V DC Modulating Controller	19
OM-1, OM-A, OM-A-M, 24V AC Modulating Controller	20
OM-1, OM-A, OM-A-M, 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase Modulating Controller	21
OM-1, OM-A, OM-A-M, 24V AC Modulating Controller, MODBUS	22
OM-1, OM-A, OM-A-M, 24V DC Modulating Controller, MODBUS	23
OM-1, OM-A, OM-A-M, 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase Modulating Controller, MODBUS	24
OM-2 to OM-6 12V DC On-Off Controller	25
OM-2 to OM-12, OM-F, OM-G 24V DC On-Off Controller	25
OM-2 to OM-6 12V AC On-Off Controller	26
OM-2 to OM-12, OM-F, OM-G 24V AC On-Off Controller	26
OM-7 to OM-10 12V DC On-Off Controller	27
BM-2, OM-2 to OM-13, OM-F, OM-G 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase On-Off Controller	28
OM-2 to OM-13, OM-F, OM-G 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase On-Off Controller, Coupling Board	29
BM-2, OM-2 to OM-13 220V, 380V, 440V AC 3-Phase On-Off Controller	30
OM-2 to OM-8 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase On-Off Controller, 75% duty cycle	31
OM-9 to OM-13, 110V AC 1-Phase On-Off Controller, 50% duty cycle	32
OM-9 to OM-13, 220V AC 1-Phase On-Off Controller, 50% duty cycle	33
OM-2 to OM-13, 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase On-Off Controller, Analog Signal Output	34
OM-2 to OM-13, 220V, 380V, 440V AC 3-Phase On-Off Controller, Analog Signal Output	35
OM-2 to OM-6 12V DC Modulating Controller	36
OM-2 to OM-12, OM-F, OM-G 24V DC Modulating Controller	36
OM-2 to OM-12, OM-F, OM-G 24V AC Modulating Controller	37
OM-2 to OM-8, OM-F, OM-G 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase Modulating Controller	38
OM-2 to OM-13, 220V, 380V, 440V AC 3-Phase Modulating Controller	39

# **Table of Contents (continued)**

OM-2 to OM-8 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase Modulating Controller, 75% duty cycle	40
OM-9 to OM-13, 110V AC 1-Phase Modulating Controller, 50% duty cycle	41
OM-9 to OM-13, 220V AC 1-Phase Modulating Controller, 50% duty cycle	42
OM-2 to OM-13, 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase On-Off Controller, Local Control Unit	43
OM-2 to OM-13, 220V, 380V, 440V AC 3-Phase On-off Controller, Local Control Unit	44
OM-2 to OM-8 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase Modulating Controller, Local Control Unit	45
OM-2 to OM-8 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase Modulating Controller, Local Control Unit, 75% duty cycle	46
OM-9 to OM-13, 110V AC 1-Phase Modulating Controller, Local Control Unit, 50% duty cycle	47
OM-9 to OM-13, 220V AC 1-Phase Modulating Controller, Local Control Unit, 50% duty cycle	48
OM-2 to OM-13, 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase On-off Controller, Local Control Unit, Analog Signal Output	49
OM-2 to OM-13, 220V, 380V, 440V AC 3-Phase On-off Controller, Local Control Unit, Analog Signal Output	50
BM-2, OM-A, OM-A-M, OM-1 to OM-13, OM-F, OM-G 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase Same Switch Coupling Wiring	51
Adjustment – Travel Cam & Limit Switches	52
Adjustment - Mechanical Stops	55
Adjustment – Modulating Control Board	56
Part A: Suitable for OM-1 to OM-13, OM-A, OM-A-M, OM-F, OM-G	56
Part B: Suitable for OM-1 to OM-13, OM-A, OM-A-M (MODBUS optional)	62
Trouble Shooting	74
Warranty	76

#### **Overview**

#### Features:

- 30% duty cycle at rated torque
- Self-locking function, allows a smooth running, dependable robust drive system
- Built-in thermal protection prevents motor burning out. AC motor is 257°F (125°C) and 194°F (90°C) for DC motor (the 75% duty cycle actuator uses DC motor)
- Models are ISO 5211 compliant
- Visual position indicator on top of actuator cover and manual override (except BM-2 and OMA)
- Manual operation is non-clutch design that can be operated without any lever, clutch or brake upon power outage. Design is patented in Taiwan, U.S. and China.

Model	Maximum Torque		We	ight	Manual Override
	N•m	lb•in	Kg	lb	
OM-A	50	443	3	6.61	N/A
OM-A-M	50	443	3	6.61	Lavian
OM-1	35	310	2	4.41	Lever
BM-2	120	1063	5.5	12.13	N/A
OM-F	65	576	11	24.25	
OM-2	90	797	11	24.25	
OM-G	90	797	11	24.25	
OM-3	150	1328	11	24.25	
OM-4	400	3542	20	44.09	
OM-5	500	4427	20	44.09	
OM-6	650	5756	20	44.09	Hand-wheel
OM-7	1000	8855	32	70.55	nand-wheel
OM-8	1500	13282	32	70.55	
OM-9	2000	17709	71	156.53	
OM-10	2500	22137	71	156.53	
OM-11	3000	26564	72	158.73	
OM-12	3500	30991	72	158.73	
OM-13	4500	39846	106	233.69	

### **Important Notices**

#### Caution!



- 1. Check for correct voltage prior to wiring.
- 2. Turn power off before servicing or for maintenance purpose.
- 3. Use sealant to seal conduit connections after wiring to prevent dusting or water contamination.
- 4. The angle of electric actuator installation must be between 0 to 180 degree. Do not install upside down or below the horizontal.
- When more than one electric actuator needed to operate simultaneously, please connect with the individual cables or install the coupling board.
- 6. Not intended for vacuum spaces and avoid installing near explosive atmospheres.
- 7. Actuators should be placed at clean and dry place for storage, and protected with outer carton from being affected by great temperature difference or serious vibration.
- 8. To avoid functional failure caused by statics, do not touch any components on the PCB with metal tools or bare hands.
- 9. Please connect the ground wire to PE inside the electric actuator.
- 10. The warranty period of our products is one year.

#### **Duty Cycle - Compliance to IEC Standard**

"Duty cycle" means the starting frequency.

The formula: Running Time  $\div$  (Running time + Rest Time) × 100% = duty cycle Rest Time = Running Time  $\tilde{A}$ — (1- duty cycle)  $\tilde{A}$ · duty cycle

For example: The running time for OM-2 is 15 seconds.

30% duty cycle  $15 \times [(1 - 30\%) / 30\%] = 35 \rightarrow$  The rest time will be 35 seconds. 75% duty cycle  $15 \times [(1 - 75\%) / 75\%] = 5 \rightarrow$  The rest time will be 5 seconds.

If the duty cycle is higher, the rest time will be shortened. It means the starting frequency will be higher.

# **Standard Mounting**

Model		Mounting Flange	SI	naft	Depth o	of Shaft	Кеу		
		(ISO 5211)	mm inch		mm	inch	mm inch		
BM-2		F07	22	0.87	30	1.18	N/A		
OM-A		F05 / F07	17	0.67	20	0.78	N/A		
OM-A-M		F05 / F07	17	0.67	20	0.78	N/A N/A		
OM-1	(000)	F03 / F05	14	0.55	17	0.67			
OM-F, OM-G		F07	22	0.87	30	1.18	N/A		
OM-2 to OM-3	00	F07	22	0.87	30	1.18	N.	/A	
OM-4 to OM-6		F10	36	1.38	40	1.57	N,	/A	
OM-7 to OM-8		F12 or F14	35	1.38	60	2.36	10x10	0.39x0.39	
OM-9 to OM-12		F14 OR F16	75	2.95	100	3.94	12x10	0.47x0.39	
OM-13		F16 / F25	72	2.83	110	4.33	20x12	0.79x0.47	

Dixon Sanitary

# **Specification**

Model	Maximur	n Torque	Speed	Motor		12V DC/AC			24V DC/AC	
No.	Nm	lb-in	(90°)	Power	Run	Start	Lock	Run	Start	Lock
BM-2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OM-A	50	443	20s	10W	1.3A	1.5A	2.8A	0.8A	0.9A	1.6A
OM-A-M	50	443	20s	10W	1.3A	1.5A	2.8A	0.8A	0.9A	1.6A
OM-1	35	310	15s	10W	1.9A	2.0A	2.8A	1.1A	1.1A	1.6A
OM-2	90	797	15s	40W	3.4A	5.2A	16.5A	2.2A	4.5A	14.5A
OM-F	65	576	6s	60W	-	-	-	2.6A	3.8A	11.0A
OM-3	150	1328	22s	40W	4.4A	4.9A	16.5A	2.4A	5.0A	14.5A
OM-G	120	1063	8s	60W	-	-	-	4.4A	4.8A	11.0A
OM-4	400	3542	16s	80W	16.1A	16.1A	33.0A	8.5A	9.2A	30.0A
OM-5	500	4427	22s	80W	14.1A	13.5A	33.0A	7.5A	9.0A	30.0A
OM-6	650	5756	28s	80W	12.3A	12.5A	33.0A	7.0A	8.5A	30.0A
OM-7	1000	8855	46s	80W	-	-	-	6.8A	7.8A	30.0A
OM-8	1500	13282	46s	80W	25A	26A	59A	8.1A	8.0A	30.0A
OM-9	2000	17709	58s	80W	-	-	-	8.8A	11.0A	26.0A
OM-10	2500	22137	58s	80W	28A	60A	59A	11.8A	11.0A	26.0A
OM-11	3000	26564	58s	220W	-	-	-	15.1A	11.0A	33.0A
OM-12	3500	30991	58s	220W	-	-	-	17.8A	12.0A	33.0A

### Single Phase

Model	Maximur	n Torque	Speed	d (90°)	Motor	1	10V Curre	nt	220	220V-240V Current			
No.	Nm	lb-in	60 Hz	50 Hz	Power	Run	Start	Lock	Run	Start	Lock		
BM-2	120	1063	8s	10s	40W	1.3A	1.6A	1.6A	0.6A	0.9A	0.9A		
OM-A	50	443	20s	24s	10W	0.6A	0.6A	0.7A	0.3A	0.4A	0.5A		
OM-A-M	50	443	20s	24s	10W	0.6A	0.6A	0.7A	0.3A	0.4A	0.5A		
OM-1	35	310	12s	13s	10W	0.6A	0.6A	0.7A	0.3A	0.4A	0.4A		
OM-2	90	797	15s	17s	40W	1.0A	1.8A	1.6A	0.5A	0.8A	0.9A		
OM-F	65	576	6s	6s	60W	1.4A	2.1A	3.1A	0.7A	1.0A	1.5A		
OM-3	150	1328	22s	26s	40W	1.2A	1.8A	1.6A	1.0A	1.2A	0.9A		
OM-G	120	1063	8s	8s	60W	1.6A	3.0A	3.1A	0.8A	1.2A	1.5A		
OM-4	400	3542	16s	18s	80W	1.9A	3.8A	3.6A	1.1A	2.0A	2.2A		
OM-5	500	4427	22s	25s	80W	2.0A	3.8A	3.6A	1.1A	2.0A	2.2A		
OM-6	650	5756	28s	31s	80W	2.1A	3.8A	3.6A	1.1A	2.0A	2.2A		
OM-7	1000	8855	46s	55s	120W	3.1A	8.5A	9.0A	1.4A	4.1A	5.0A		
OM-8	1500	13282	46s	55s	120W	3.3A	9.0A	9.0A	1.6A	4.4A	5.0A		
OM-9	2000	17709	58s	70s	180W	3.3A	5.8A	5.9A	2.1A	3.8A	3.6A		
OM-10	2500	22137	58s	70s	180W	4.0A	6.5A	5.9A	2.3A	4.0A	3.6A		
OM-11	3000	26564	58s	70s	180W	4.5A	3.5A	5.9A	2.5A	4.2A	3.6A		
OM-12	3500	30991	58s	70s	220W	4.0A	8.0A	7.5A	2.4A	4.4A	4.8A		
OM-13	4500	39846	80s	95s	220W	4.2A	8.0A	7.5A	2.4A	4.8A	4.8A		

# **Specification**

#### **Three Phase**

Model No.		imum rque	Speed	d (90°)	Motor Power					440V Current				
	Nm	lb-in	60 Hz	50 Hz		Run	Start	Lock	Run	Start	Lock	Run	Start	Lock
BM-2	120	1063	8s	10s	40W	0.8A	1.4A	1.5A	0.4A	0.9A	0.7A	0.4A	0.5A	0.6A
OM-1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OM-A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OM-A-M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OM-2	90	797	15s	17s	40W	0.8A	1.4A	1.5A	0.4A	0.7A	0.7A	0.4A	0.9A	0.6A
OM-3	150	1328	22s	26s	40W	0.8A	1.4A	1.5A	0.4A	0.7A	0.7A	0.4A	0.9A	0.6A
OM-4	400	3542	16s	18s	80W	1.0A	1.8A	2.3A	0.7A	1.3A	1.5A	0.6A	1.4A	1.4A
OM-5	500	4427	22s	25s	80W	1.0A	1.8A	2.3A	0.7A	1.3A	1.5A	0.6A	1.4A	1.4A
OM-6	650	5756	28s	31s	80W	1.0A	1.8A	2.3A	0.7A	1.3A	1.5A	0.6A	1.4A	1.4A
OM-7	1000	8855	46s	55s	120W	0.9A	2.0A	2.2A	0.7A	1.2A	1.4A	0.5A	1.3A	1.3A
OM-8	1500	13282	46s	56s	120W	1.0A	2.4A	2.6A	0.7A	1.5A	1.5A	0.6A	1.2A	1.2A
OM-9	2000	17709	58s	70s	180W	1.3A	3.7A	3.9A	0.7A	2.0A	2.3A	0.7A	2.0A	2.2A
OM-10	2500	22137	58s	70s	180W	1.3A	3.4A	3.9A	0.7A	2.0A	2.4A	0.7A	2.0A	2.2A
OM-11	3000	26564	58s	70s	180W	1.3A	3.5A	3.9A	0.7A	2.0A	2.4A	0.7A	2.0A	2.2A
OM-12	3500	30991	58s	70s	220W	1.5A	4.8A	5.4A	0.9A	2.5A	2.5A	0.8A	2.6A	2.4A
OM-13	4500	39846	80s	95s	220W	1.5A	4.9A	5.4A	1.0A	2.5A	2.5A	0.8A	2.6A	2.4A

Note: Run - Full Load Ampere Lock - Locked Rotor Ampere

## **Storage Information**

#### Receiving / Inspection

- 1. Carefully inspect for shipping damage. Damage to the shipping carton is usually a good indication that it has received rough handing. Report all damage immediately to the freight carrier and your seller.
- 2. After unpacking the product and information packet, please take care to save the shipping carton and any packing material in case of product return or replacement. Verify that the item on the packing list or bill of lading is the same as your own documentation. If there is any discrepancy, please contact with the seller.

#### **Storage**

- 1. If the actuator cannot be installed immediately, store it in a dry place, it must be protected from excess moisture, dust, and weather until you are ready to connect cables.
- 2. If the actuator has to be installed but cannot be cabled, please don't remove the plastic transit cable entry plugs. When the actuator has to be cabled, it is recommended to replace to suitable water-proof plugs with IP protection.

### Lubrication

· The gear train has been permanently lubricated at the factory sufficient.

### Installation

1. Before mounting actuator, verify that the torque requirement is less than the output torque of the actuator. (The suggested safety factor is 30% of the maximum torque of valve).

For example:

If the maximum torque of 5" valve is  $80N^{\bullet}m \rightarrow 80 \times 1.3$  (safety factor) =  $104N^{\bullet}m$ 

 $104N \cdot m < 150N \cdot m \text{ (OM-3)} \rightarrow OK!$ 

 $104N \cdot m > 90N \cdot m \text{ (OM-2)} \rightarrow NO!$ 

- 2. Check if the output shaft fits to the stem of valve before inserting into actuator. Please use mounting plate or adaptor to connect if it does not match.
- 3. Insert output shaft adaptor into actuator. Make sure it fits satisfactory.
- 4. Determine that actuator position, open or closed, matches with position of equipment prior to mounting. Use manual override to change position if necessary.
- 5. Remove valve's manual device and mount on the proper connection.



CAUTION: Don't remove any necessary parts for the proper operation of the valve.

- 6. Check again that the valve and actuator are in the same position.
- 7. Install the actuator to valve directly or with mounting kits, then tighten all screws and nuts.
- 8. Remove actuator cover.



CAUTION: Be sure power is off at the main power box.

9. Wire actuator using the wiring diagram inside cover.



CAUTION: For the 3-Phase on-off controller actuator, please use the hand-wheel to turn the actuator to 45 degree before test. If the operating direction is opposite after supplying power, please change any two of the U, V, W.

10. Supply power to actuator.



CAUTION: Use remarkable mark warning "there are live circuits that could cause electrical shock or death".

- 11. Make sure if it is needed to calibrate the fully-open or fully-closed position of the actuator. Refer to the P49 to P52 to set the fully-open or fully-closed position and mechanical stops
- 12. If the actuator is modulating type, refer to P56 to P73 to set the functions.

CAUTION: Turn power off before changing any setting.



13. Replace cover and secure cover screws.

### **Wiring Diagram**

- MC1 & MC2: Electromagnetic contactor
- 2. NFB: No fuse breaker
- 3. C.S.: Control switch
- 4. C: Capacitor
- 5. N: Neutral
- 6. L: Live Wire
- 7. PE: Protective Earth
- 8. O.L.: Over-load relay
- 9. H: Heater
- 10. LS: Limit switch
- 11. TS: Torque switch
- 12. Switch(1): Local/Remote Control. Switch(2): Open/Stop/Close select
- 13. Duty cycle (Standard Model):

BM-2, OM-A, OM-A-M, OM-F, OM-G, OM-1 to OM-13: 30% duty cycle

Extended duty cycle:

OM-A, OM-A-M, OM-1 to OM-8: 75% duty cycle

OM-9 to OM-13: 50% duty cycle

14. LS1: Limit switch for open

LS2: Limit switch for close

15. The usage for 2 additional limit switches:

#### OM-1, OM-A, OM-A-M

LS3 Fully-Open: Terminal "A" connects to terminal "B" LS4 Fully-Closed: Terminal "A" connects to terminal "E"

#### OM-1, OM-A, OM-A-M (Option: MODBUS)

LS3 Fully-Open: Terminal "A" connects to terminal "C" LS4 Fully-Closed: Terminal "D" connects to terminal "F"

#### BM-2, OM-A, OM-AM, OM-F, OM-G, OM-2 to OM-13

LS3 Fully-Open: Terminal "A" connects to terminal "C" LS4 Fully-Closed: Terminal "D" connects to terminal "F"

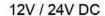
#### NOTE!

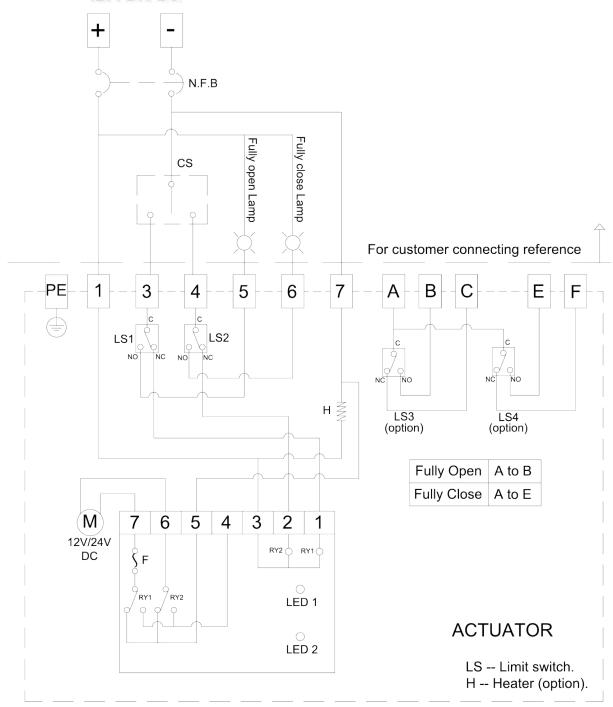


When a set of control wires or switch needs to control two or more actuators at the same time, please refer to P51 or install the coupling board.

- OM-1, OM-A, OM-A-M 12V, 24V DC
- On-Off Controller

### **Power Supply**



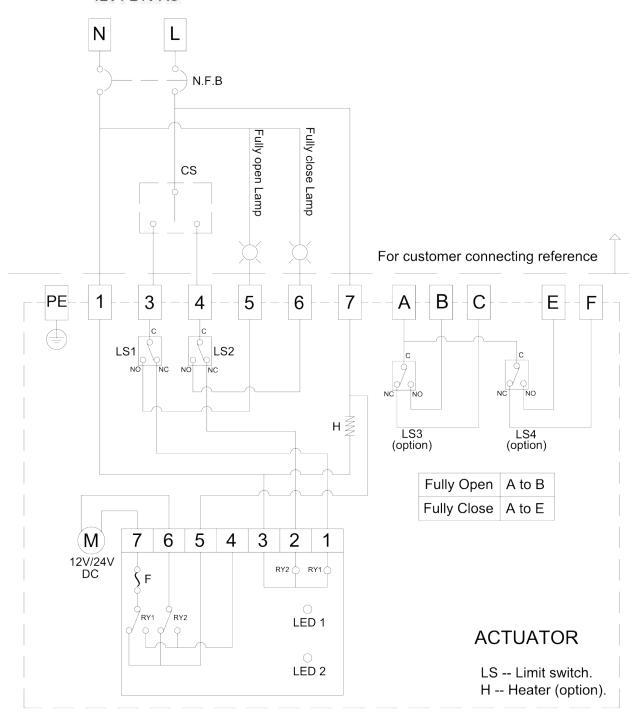


- 1. "+" connects to #1, "—" connects to #7
- 2. "—" connects to #3 for "OPEN", "—" connects to #4 for "CLOSE"
- 3. Using less than 3A current for "A, B, C, E, F"
- 4. Using battery to supply power for DC units

- OM-1, OM-A, OM-A-M 12V, 24V AC
- On-Off Controller

### **Power Supply**

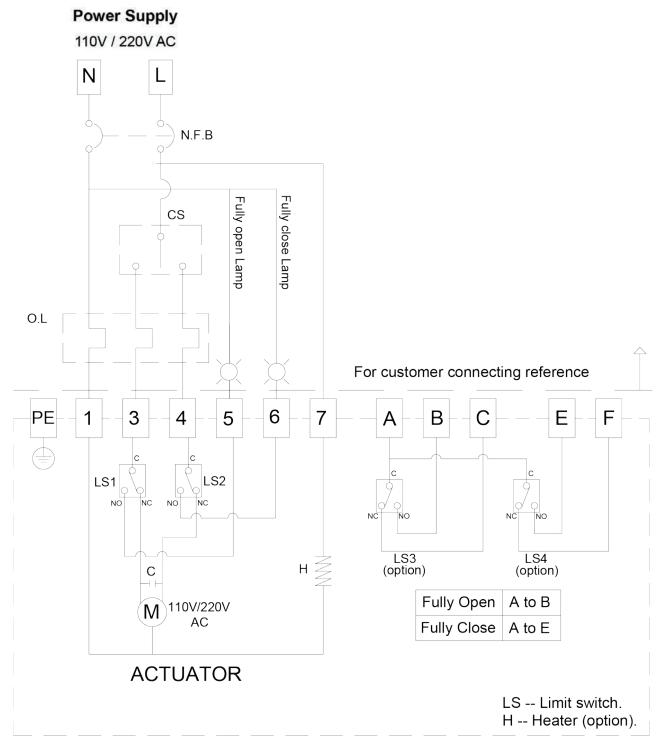
#### 12V / 24V AC



- 1. "N" connects to #1, "L" connects to #7
- 2. "L" connects to #3 for "OPEN", "L" connects to #4 for "CLOSE"
- 3. Using less than 3A current for "A, B, C, E, F"

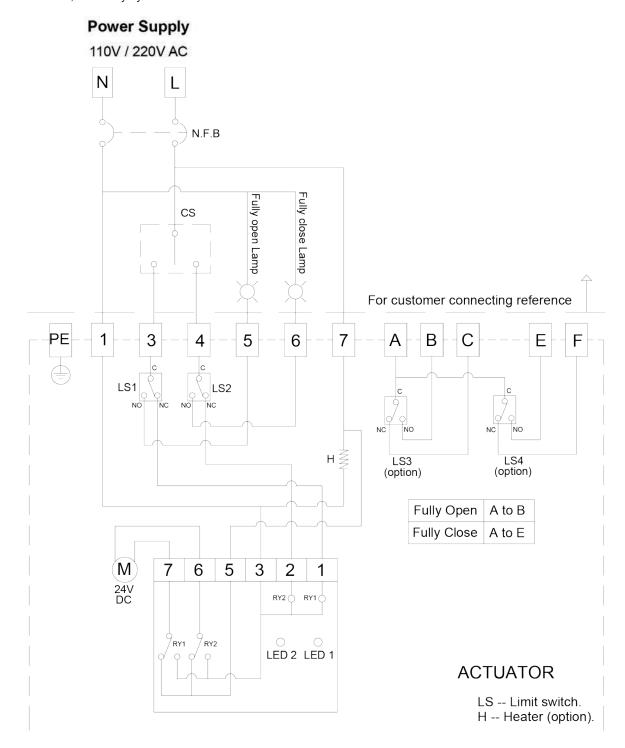
OM-1, OM-A, OM-A-M 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase

On-Off Controller



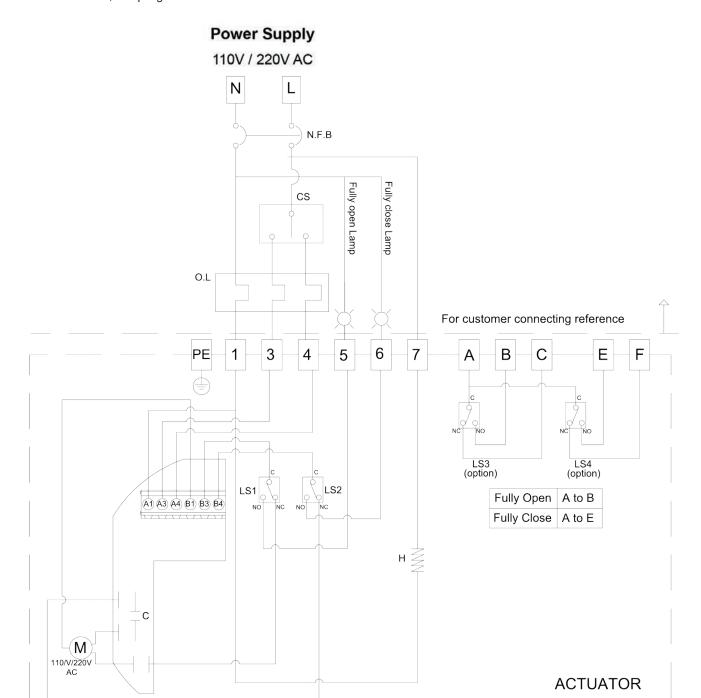
- 1. "N" connects to #1, "L" connects to #7
- 2. "L" connects to #3 for "OPEN", "L" connects to #4 for "CLOSE"
- 3. Using less than 3A current for "A, B, C, E, F"

- OM-1, OM-A, OM-A-M 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase
- On-Off Controller, 75% duty cycle



- 1. "N" connects to #1, "L" connects to #7
- 2. "L" connects to #3 for "OPEN", "L" connects to #4 for "CLOSE"
- 3. Using less than 3A current for "A, B, C, E, F"

- OM-1, OM-A, OM-A-M 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase
- · On-Off Controller, Coupling Board



#### Note:

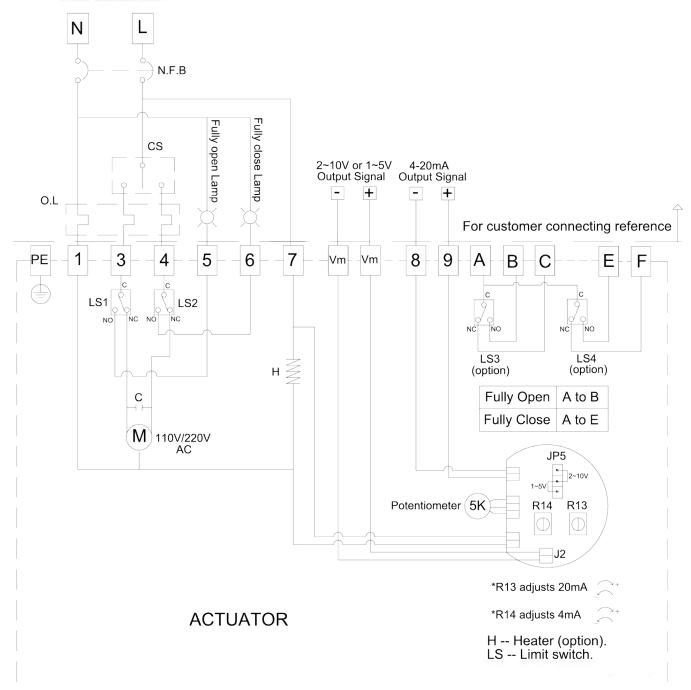
- 1. "N" connects to #1, "L" connects to #7
- 2. "L" connects to #3 for "OPEN", "L" connects to #4 for "CLOSE"
- 3. Using less than 3A current for "A, B, C, E, F"

LS -- Limit switch. H -- Heater (option).

- OM-1, OM-A, OM-A-M 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase
- On-Off Controller, Analog Signal Output

### **Power Supply**

#### 110V / 220V AC

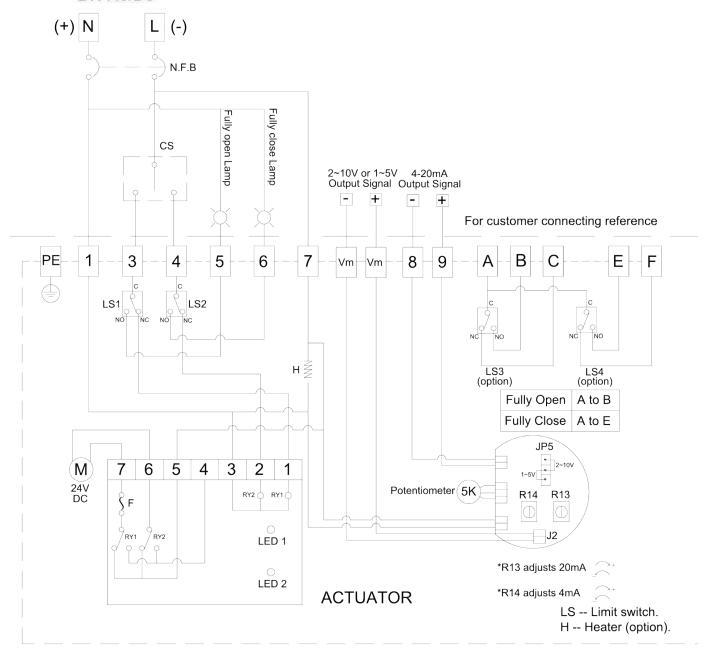


- 1. "N" connects to #1, "L" connects to #7
- 2. "L" connects to #3 for "OPEN", "—" connects to #4 for "CLOSE"
- 3. Using less than 3A current for "A, B, C, E, F"
- 4. JP5: 2 to 10V or 1 to 5V output mode: J2: 2 to 10V or 1 to 5V output signal

- OM-1, OM-A, OM-A-M 24V AC/DC
- On-Off Controller, Analog Signal Output

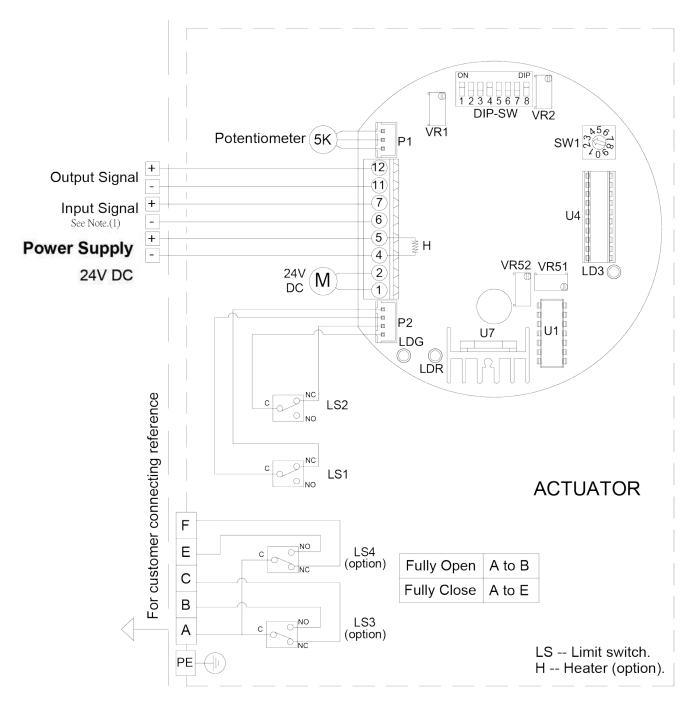
### **Power Supply**





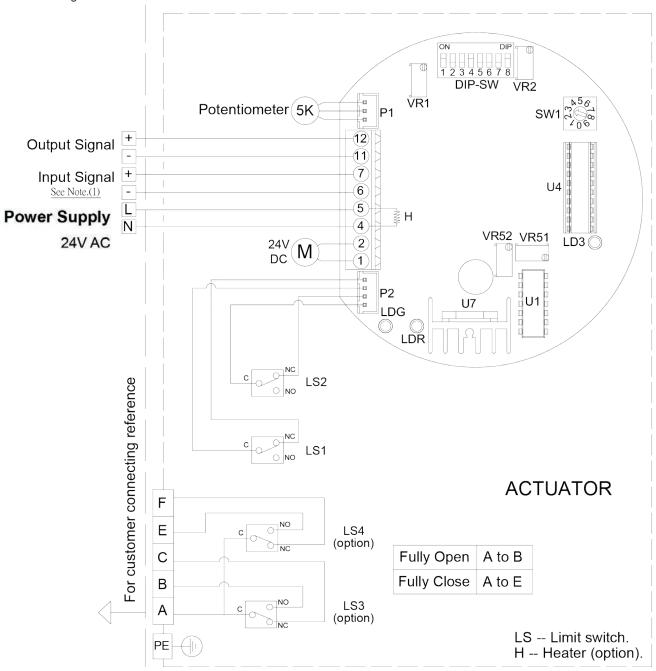
- 1. "N" connects to #1, "L" connects to #7
- 2. "L" connects to #3 for "OPEN", "—" connects to #4 for "CLOSE"
- 3. Using less than 3A current for "A, B, C, E, F"
- 4. JP5: 2 to 10V or 1 to 5V output mode: J2: 2 to 10V or 1 to 5V output signal

- OM-1, OM-A, OM-A-M 24V DC
- · Modulating Controller



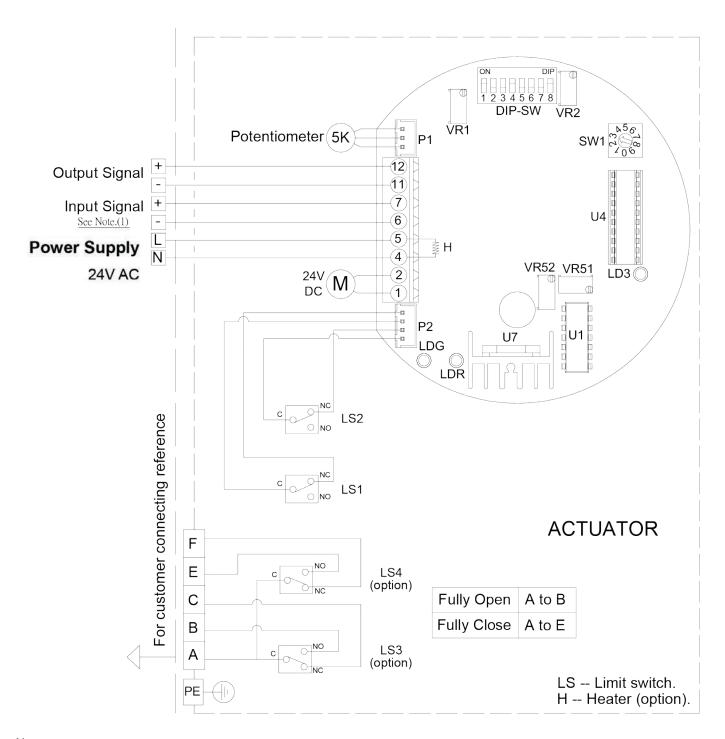
- 1. Modulating Board
  - a. Input signal: 4 to 20mA, 1 to 5V, 2 to 10V
    - It is suggested to use the shielding wire and its length should not exceed 30m.
  - b. Output Signal: 4 to 20mA, 2 to 10V
- 2. Using less than 3A current for "A, B, C, E, F"
- 3. Using battery to supply power for DC units

- OM-1, OM-A, OM-A-M 24V AC
- · Modulating Controller



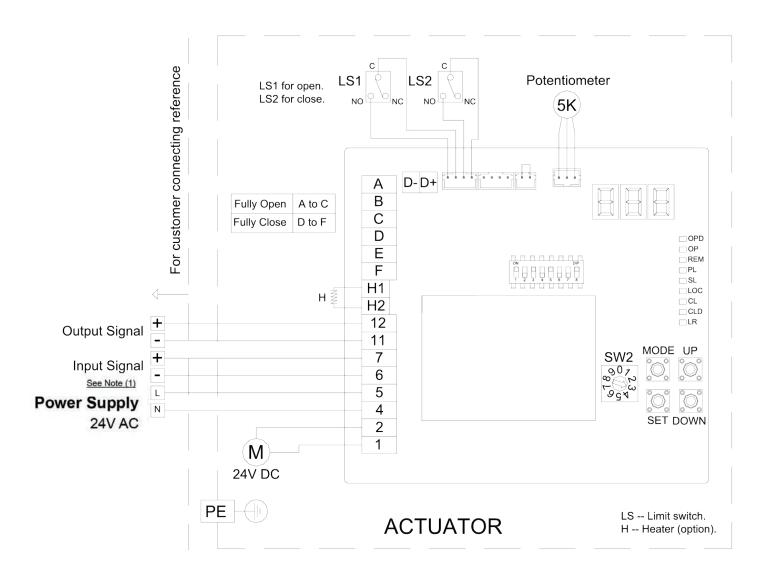
- 1. Modulating Board
  - a. Input signal: 4 to 20mA, 1 to 5V, 2 to 10V
    - It is suggested to use the shielding wire and its length should not exceed 30m.
  - b. Output Signal: 4 to 20mA, 2 to 10V
- 2. Using less than 3A current for "A, B, C, E, F"

- OM-1, OM-A, OM-A-M 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase
- Modulating Controller



- 1. Modulating Board
  - a. Input signal: 4 to 20mA, 1 to 5V, 2 to 10V
     It is suggested to use the shielding wire and its length should not exceed 30m.
  - b. Output Signal: 4 to 20mA, 2 to 10V
- 2. Using less than 3A current for "A, B, C, E, F"

- OM-1, OM-A, OM-A-M 24V AC
- Modulating Controller, MODBUS

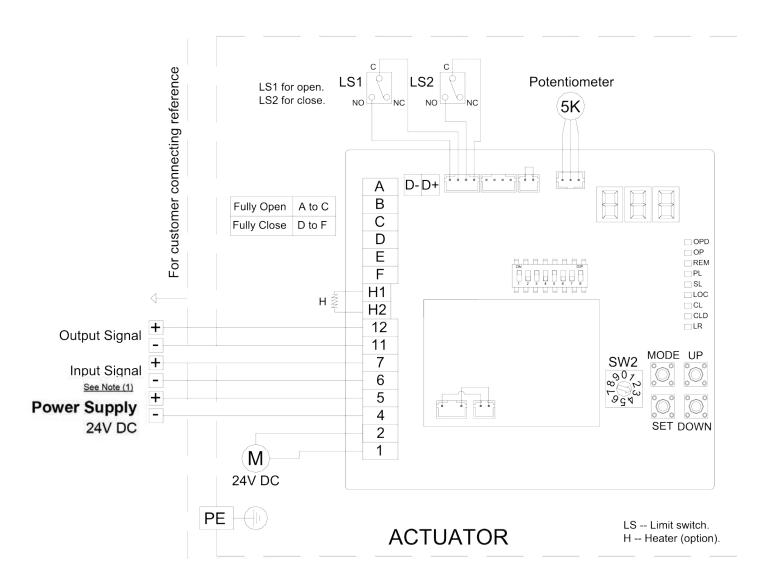


- 1. Modulating Board

  - a. Input signal: 4 to 20mA, 1 to 5V, 2 to 10V

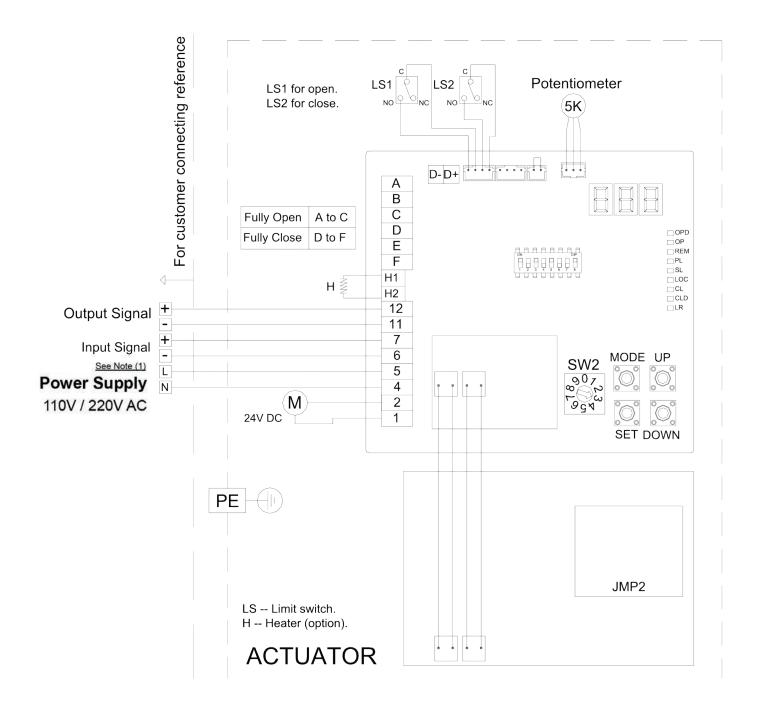
    It is suggested to use the shielding wire and its length should not exceed 30m.
  - b. Output Signal: 4 to 20mA, 2 to 10V
- 2. Using less than 3A current for "A, B, C, E, F"

- OM-1, OM-A, OM-A-M 24V DC
- Modulating Controller, MODBUS



- 1. Modulating Board
  - a. Input signal: 4 to 20mA, 1 to 5V, 2 to 10V
     It is suggested to use the shielding wire and its length should not exceed 30m.
  - b. Output Signal: 4 to 20mA, 2 to 10V
- 2. Using less than 3A current for "A, B, C, E, F"
- 3. Using battery to supply power for DC units

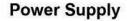
- OM-1, OM-A, OM-A-M 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase
- Modulating Controller, MODBUS



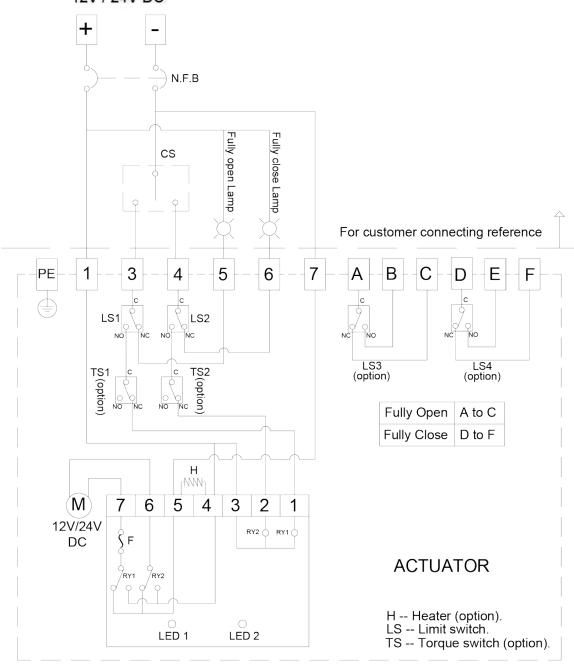
- 1. Modulating Board
  - a. Input signal: 4 to 20mA, 1 to 5V, 2 to 10V

    It is suggested to use the shielding wire and its length should not exceed 30m.
  - b. Output Signal: 4 to 20mA, 2 to 10V
- 2. Using less than 3A current for "A, B, C, E, F"

- OM-2 to OM-6 12V DC
- OM-2 to OM-12, OM-F, OM-G 24V DC
- On-Off Controller



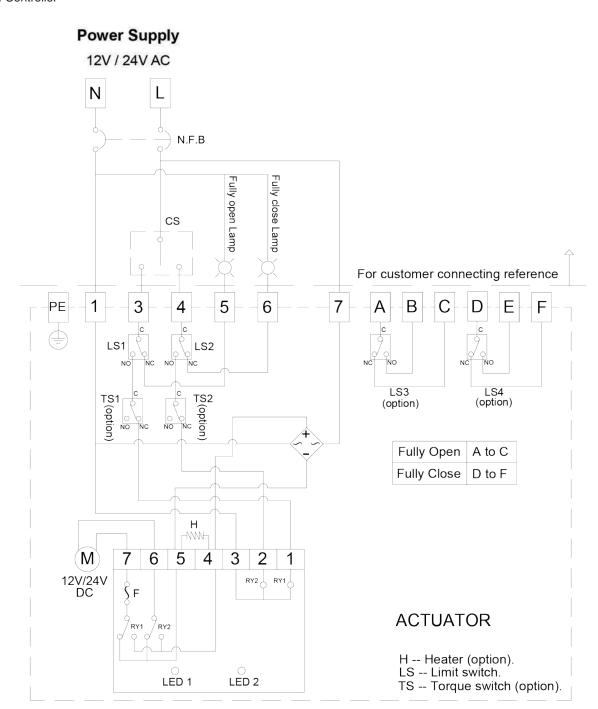




#### Note

- 1. " + " connects to #1, " " connects to #7
- 2. " " connects to #3 for "OPEN", " " connects to #4 for "CLOSE"
- 3. Using less than 5A current for "A, B, C, D, E, F"
- 4. Using battery to supply power for DC units

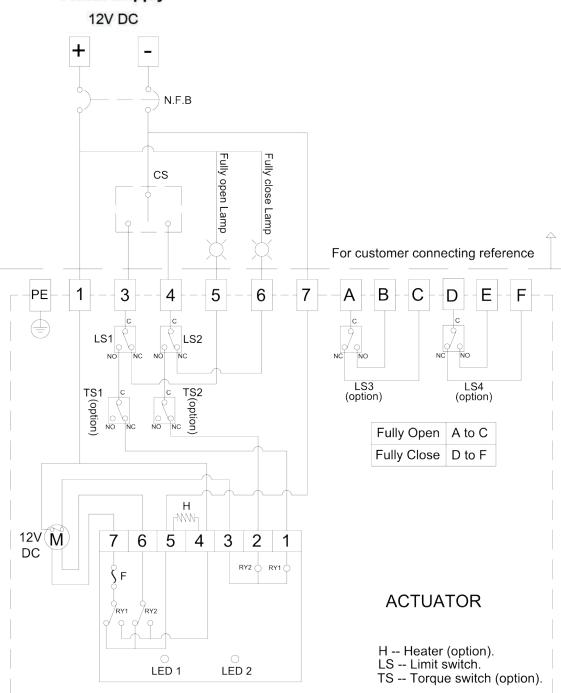
- OM-2 to OM-6 12V AC
- OM-2 to OM-12, OM-F, OM-G 24V AC
- On-Off Controller



- 1. "N" connects to #1, "L" connects to #7
- 2. "L" connects to #3 for "OPEN", "L" connects to #4 for "CLOSE"
- 3. Using less than 5A current for "A, B, C, D, E, F"

- OM-7 to OM-10 12V DC
- On-Off Controller

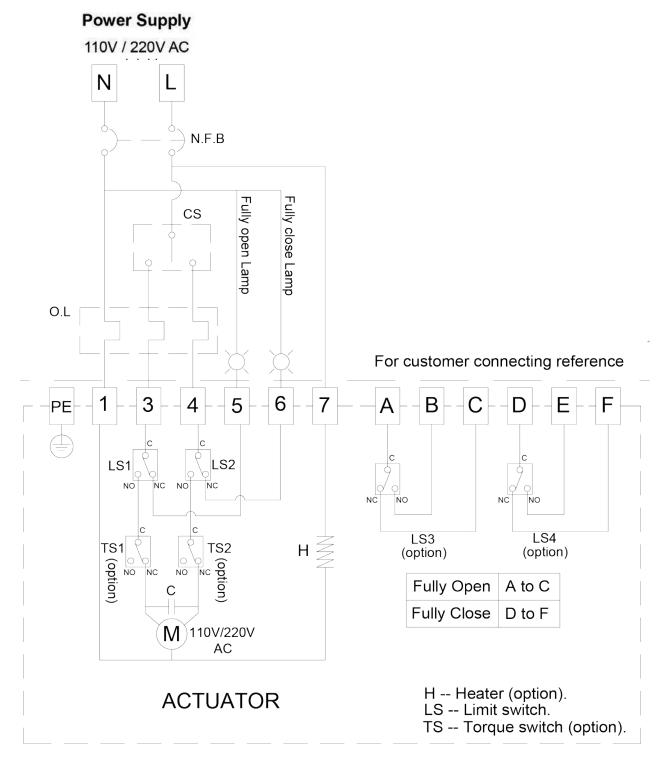




#### Note

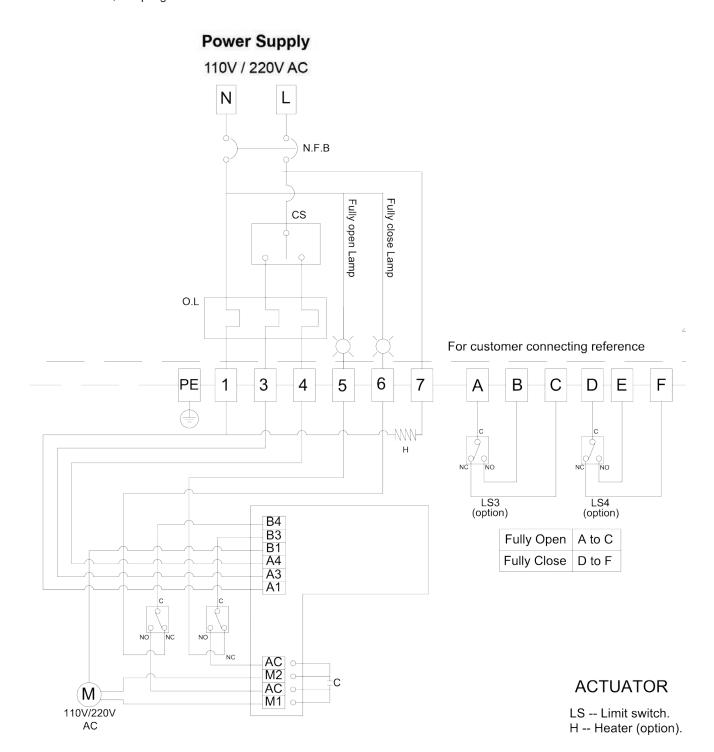
- 1. " + " connects to #1, " " connects to #7
- 2. " " connects to #3 for "OPEN", " " connects to #4 for "CLOSE"
- 3. Using less than 5A current for "A, B, C, D, E, F"
- 4. Using battery to supply power for DC units

- BM-2, OM-2 to OM-3, OM-F, OM-G 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase
- · On-Off Controller



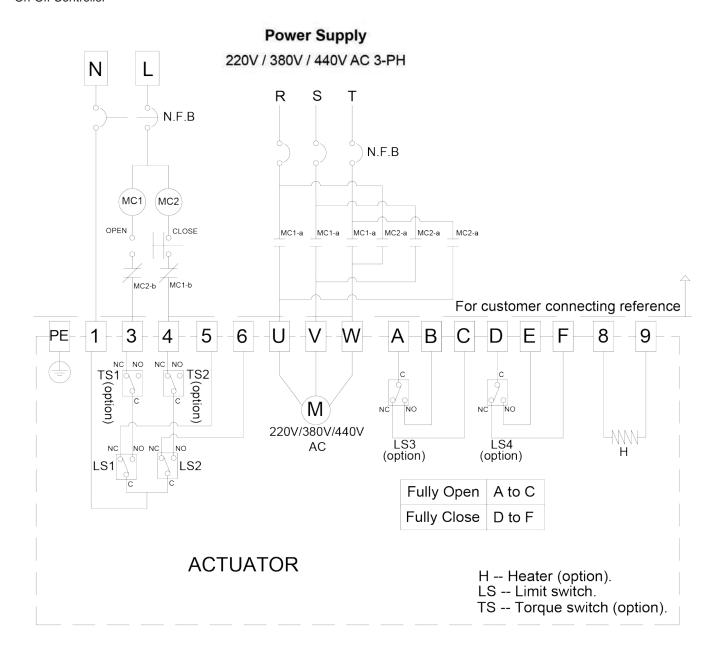
- 1. "N" connects to #1, "L" connects to #7
- 2. "L" connects to #3 for "OPEN", "L" connects to #4 for "CLOSE"
- 3. Using less than 5A current for "A, B, C, D, E, F"
- 4. BM-2 could not install torque switches

- OM-2 to OM-13, OM-F, OM-G
   110V, 220V AC 1-Phase
- On-Off Controller, Coupling Board



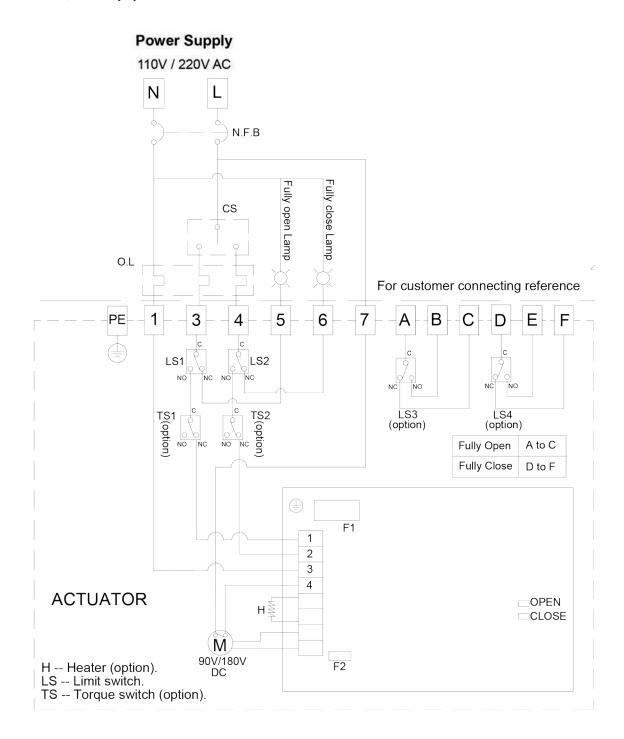
- 1. "N" connects to #1, "L" connects to #7
- 2. "L" connects to #3 for "OPEN", "L" connects to #4 for "CLOSE"
- 3. Using less than 5A current for "A, B, C, D, E, F"

- BM-2, OM-2 to OM-13 220V, 380V, 440V AC 3-Phase
- · On-Off Controller



- 1. Using the hand-wheel to turn the actuator to 45° before test. If the operating direction is opposite after supplying power, please change any two of the U, V, W.
- 2. Using less than 5A current for "A, B, C, D, E, F"
- 3. BM-2 could not install torque switches.

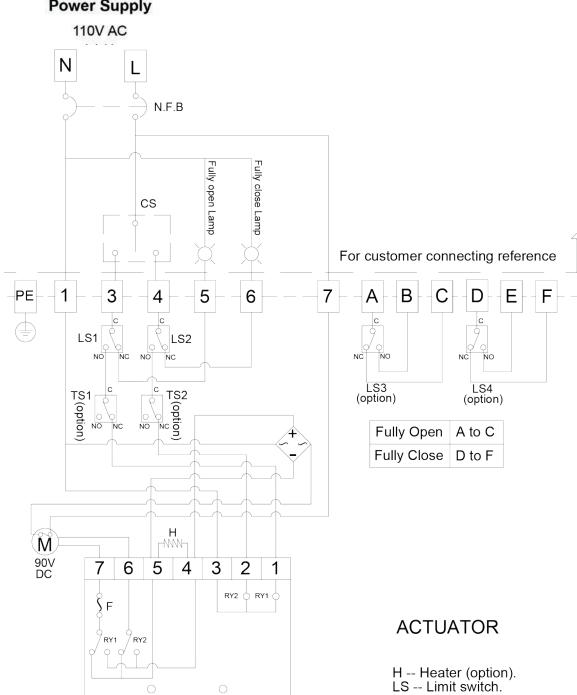
- OM-2 to OM-8 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase
- On-Off Controller, 75% duty cycle



- 1. "N" connects to #1, "L" connects to #7
- 2. "L" connects to #3 for "OPEN", "L" connects to #4 for "CLOSE"
- 3. Using less than 5A current for "A, B, C, D, E, F"

- OM-9 to OM-13 110V, AC 1-Phase
- On-Off Controller, 50% duty cycle

### **Power Supply**



#### Note:

- 1. "N" connects to #1, "L" connects to #7
- 2. "L" connects to #3 for "OPEN", "L" connects to #4 for "CLOSE"

LED 1

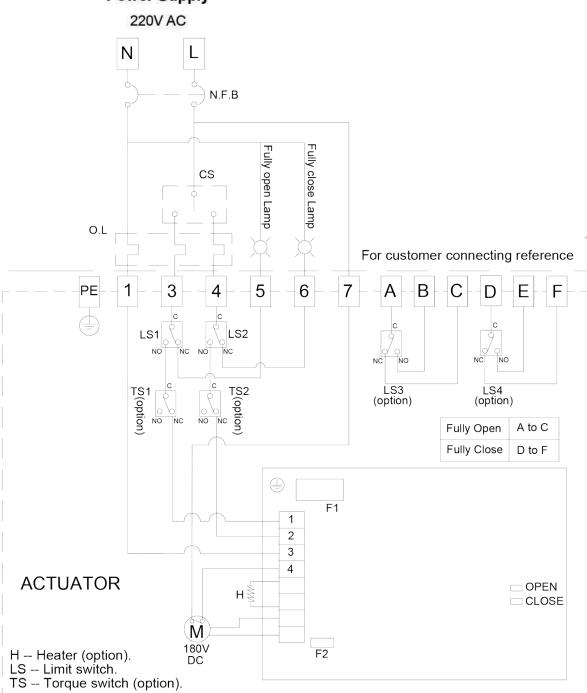
LED 2

3. Using less than 5A current for "A, B, C, D, E, F"

TS -- Torque switch (option).

- OM-9 to OM-13 110V, AC 1-Phase
- On-Off Controller, 50% duty cycle

### **Power Supply**

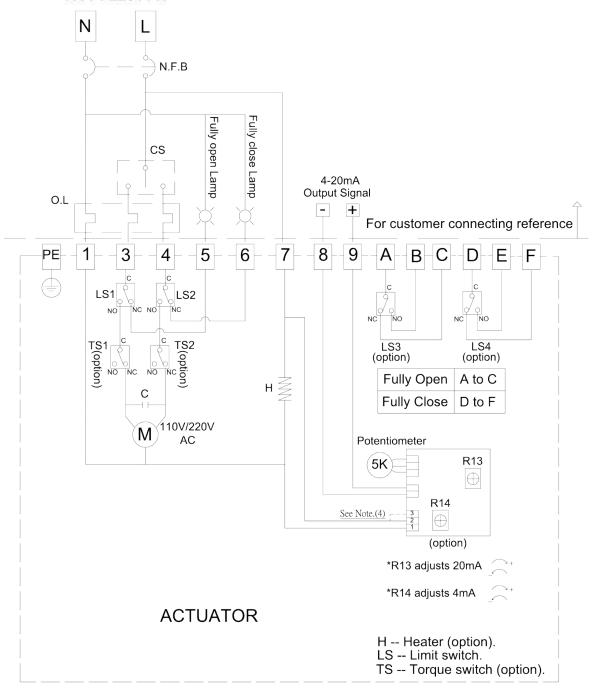


- 1. "N" connects to #1, "L" connects to #7
- 2. "L" connects to #3 for "OPEN", "L" connects to #4 for "CLOSE"
- 3. Using less than 5A current for "A, B, C, D, E, F"

- OM-2 to OM-13 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase
- On-Off Controller, Analog Signal Output

### **Power Supply**

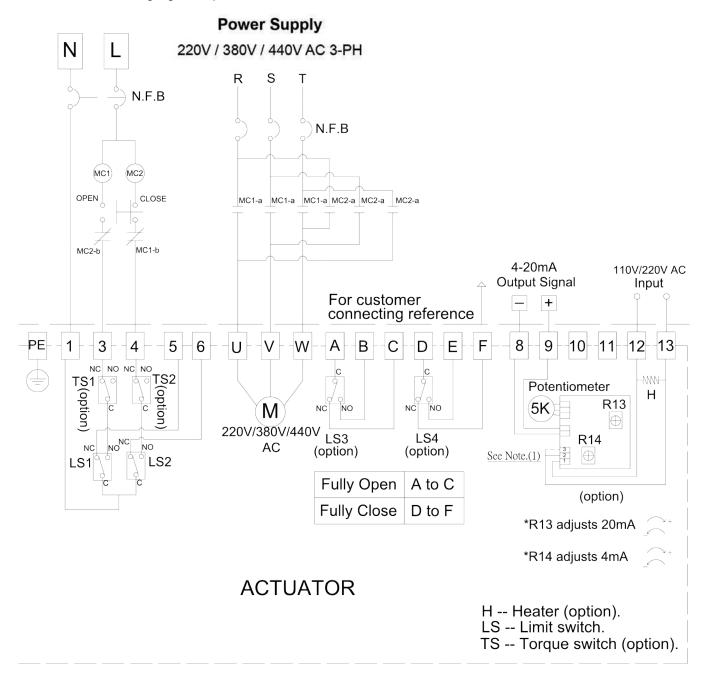
#### 110V / 220V AC



**Dixon Sanitary** 

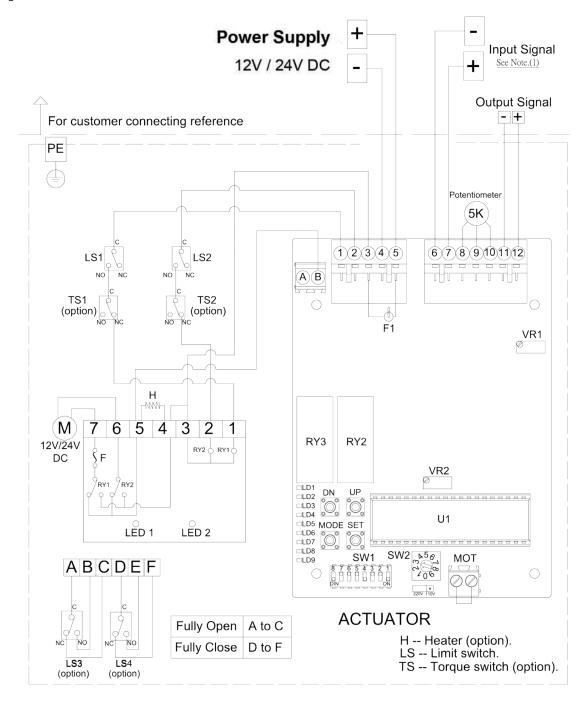
- 1. "N" connects to #1, "L" connects to #7
- 2. "L" connects to #3 for "OPEN", "L" connects to #4 for "CLOSE"
- 3. Using less than 5A current for "A, B, C, D, E, F"
- 4. If the control power is 220V AC, N & L connect to #1 & #3 If the control power is 110V AC, N & L connect to #1 & #2 or #2 & #3

- OM-2 to OM-13 220V, 380V, 440V AC 3-Phase
- · On-Off Controller, Analog Signal Output



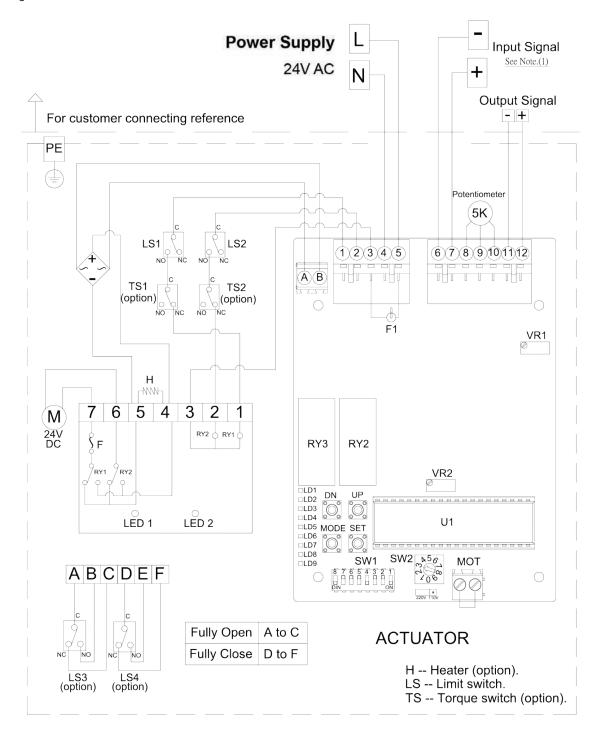
- 1. If the control power is 220V AC, N & L connect to #1 & #3 If the control power is 110V AC, N & L connect to #1 & #2 or #2 & #3
- 2. Using the hand-wheel to turn the actuator to 45 degree before test. If the operating direction is opposite after supplying power, please change any two of the U, V, W.
- 3. Using less than 5A current for "A, B, C, D, E, F"

- OM-2 to OM-6 110V, 12V DC
- OM-2 to OM-12, OM-F, OM-G, 24V DC
- Modulating Controller



- 1. Modulating Board
  - a. Input signal: 4 to 20mA, 1 to 5V, 2 to 10V
     It is suggested to use the shielding wire and its length should not exceed 30m.
  - b. Output Signal: 4 to 20mA, 2 to 10V
- 2. Using less than 5A current for "A, B, C, D, E, F"
- 3. Using battery to supply power for DC units

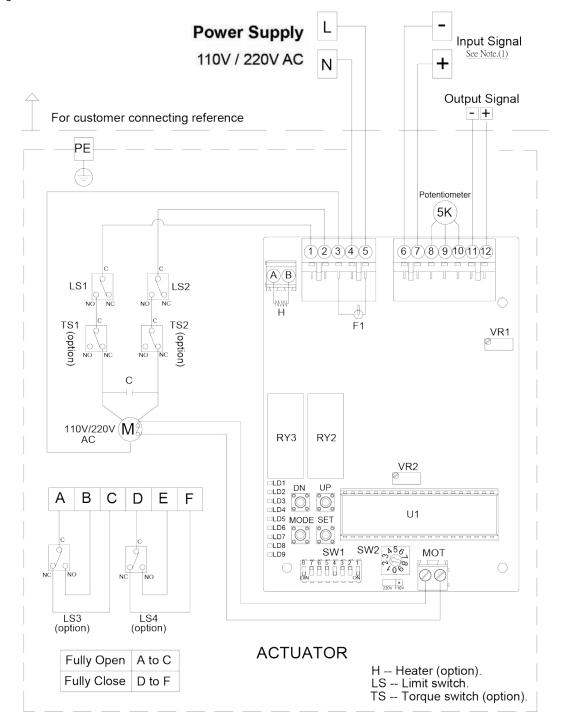
- OM-2 to OM-12, OM-F, OM-G 24V AC
- Modulating Controller



- Modulating Board

   Input signal: 4 to 20mA, 1 to 5V, 2 to 10V
   It is suggested to use the shielding wire and its length should not exceed 30m.
  - b. Output Signal: 4 to 20mA, 2 to 10V
- 2. Using less than 5A current for "A, B, C, D, E, F"

- OM-2 to OM-8, OM-F, OM-G 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase
- **Modulating Controller**

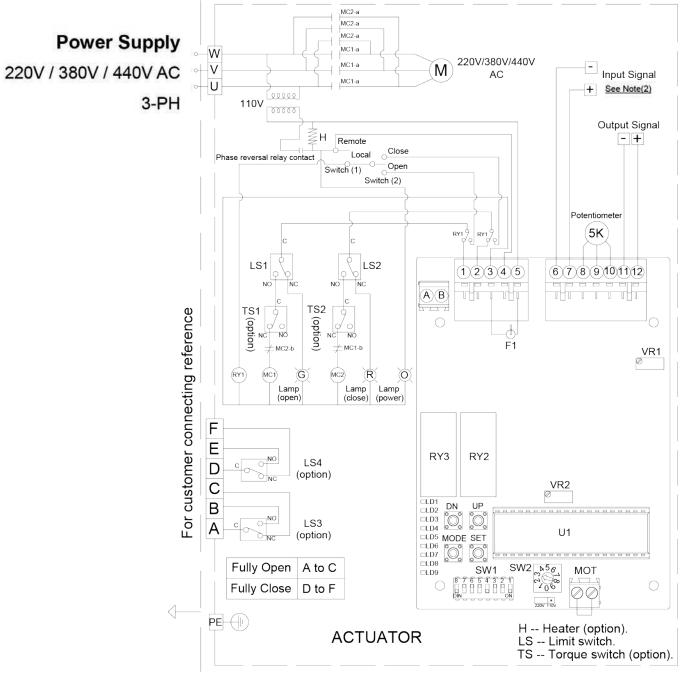


- 1. Modulating Board

  - a. Input signal: 4 to 20mA, 1 to 5V, 2 to 10V

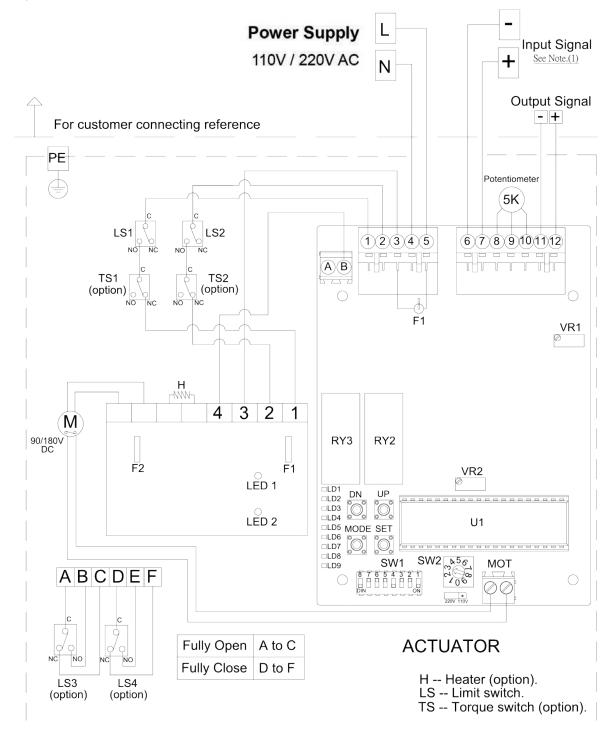
    It is suggested to use the shielding wire and its length should not exceed 30m.
  - b. Output Signal: 4 to 20mA, 2 to 10V
- 2. Using less than 5A current for "A, B, C, D, E, F"

- OM-2 to OM-13 220V, 380V, 440V AC 3-Phase
- Modulating Controller



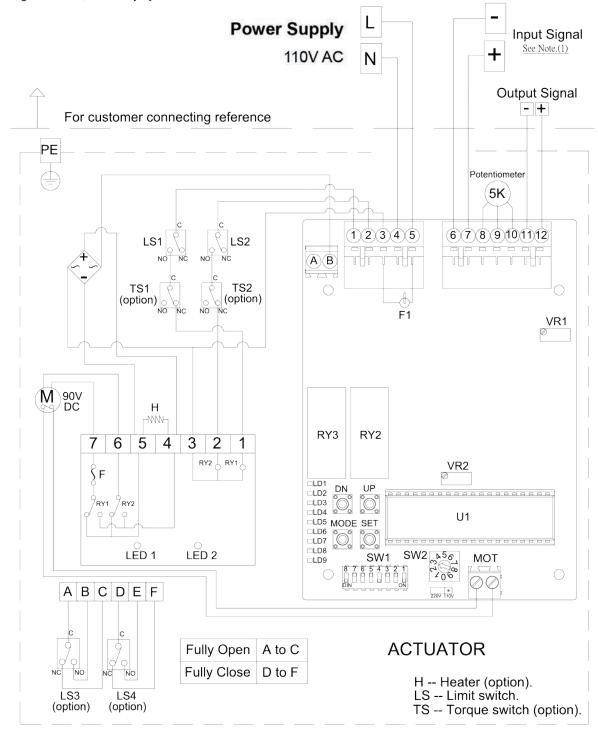
- 1. Please change any two of the U, V, W when the power lamp is off.
- 2. Modulating Board
  - a. Input signal: 4 to 20mA, 1 to 5V, 2 to 10V
    - It is suggested to use the shielding wire and its length should not exceed 30m.
  - b. Output Signal: 4 to 20mA, 2 to 10V
- 3. Local / Remote Switches
  - a. Select "Remote": Controlled by signal
  - b. Select "Local": Controlled by switch (2)
- 4. Using less than 5A current for "A, B, C, D, E, F"

- OM-2 to OM-8 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase
- · Modulating Controller, 75% duty cycle



- 1. Modulating Board
  - a. Input signal: 4 to 20mA, 1 to 5V, 2 to 10V
     It is suggested to use the shielding wire and its length should not exceed 30m.
  - b. Output Signal: 4 to 20mA, 2 to 10V
- 2. Using less than 5A current for "A, B, C, D, E, F"

- OM-9 to OM-13 110V AC 1-Phase
- Modulating Controller, 50% duty cycle

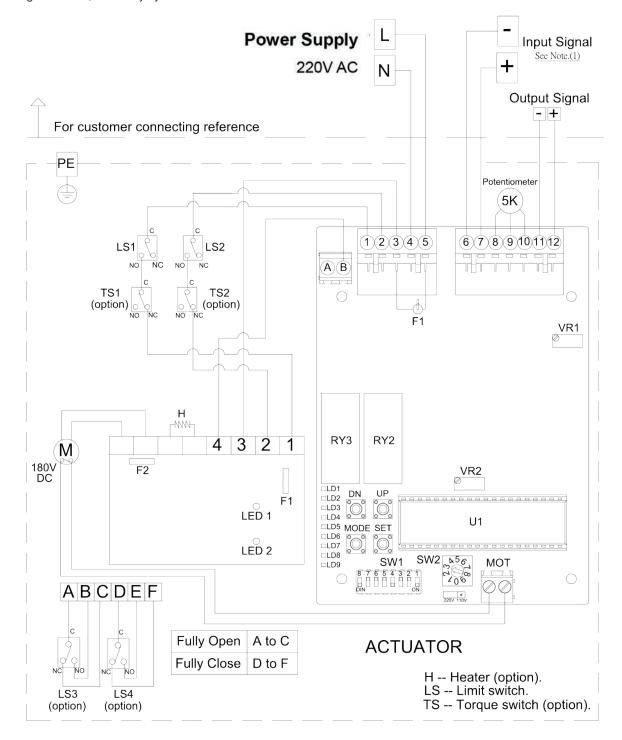


#### Note:

- 1. Modulating Board
  - a. Input signal: 4 to 20mA, 1 to 5V, 2 to 10V
     It is suggested to use the shielding wire and its length should not exceed 30m.
  - b. Output Signal: 4 to 20mA, 2 to 10V
- 2. Using less than 5A current for "A, B, C, D, E, F"

41

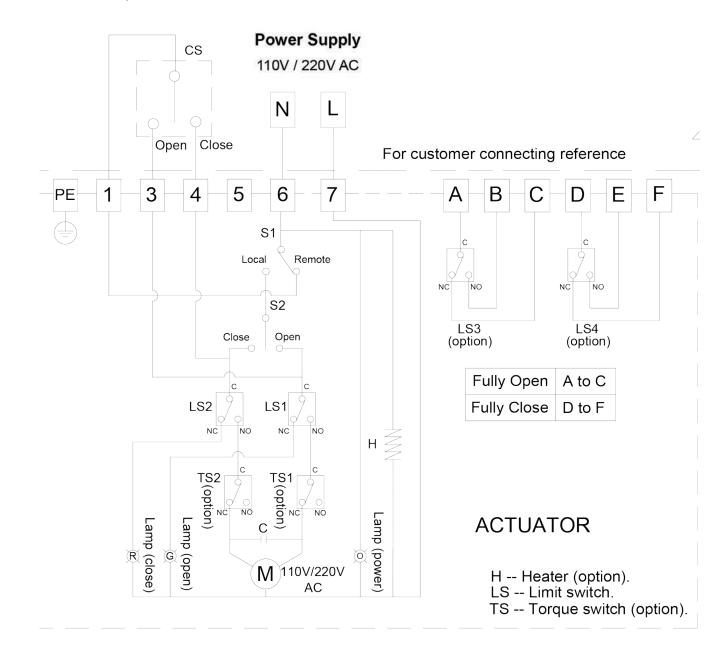
- OM-9 to OM-13 220V AC 1-Phase
- Modulating Controller, 50% duty cycle



- 1. Modulating Board

  - a. Input signal: 4 to 20mA, 1 to 5V, 2 to 10V
     It is suggested to use the shielding wire and its length should not exceed 30m.
  - b. Output Signal: 4 to 20mA, 2 to 10V
- 2. Using less than 5A current for "A, B, C, D, E, F"

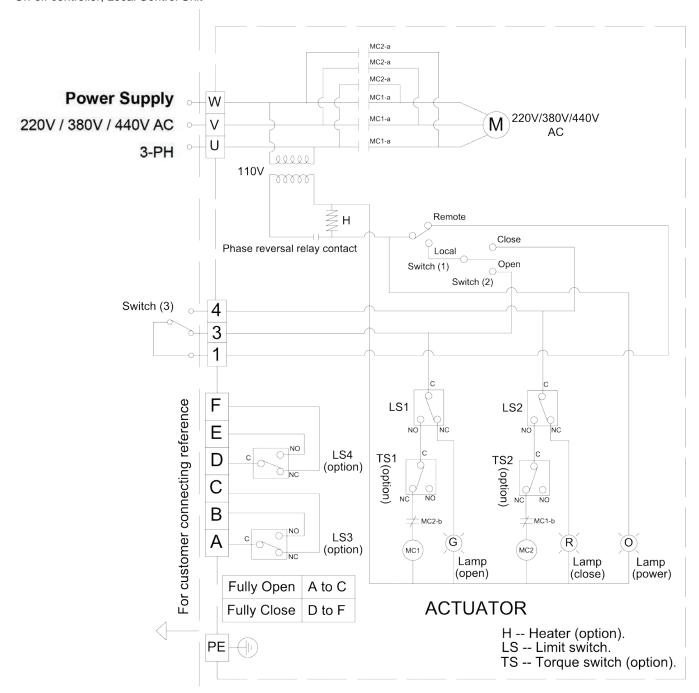
- OM-2 to OM-13 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase
- On-Off Controller, Local Control Unit



#### Note:

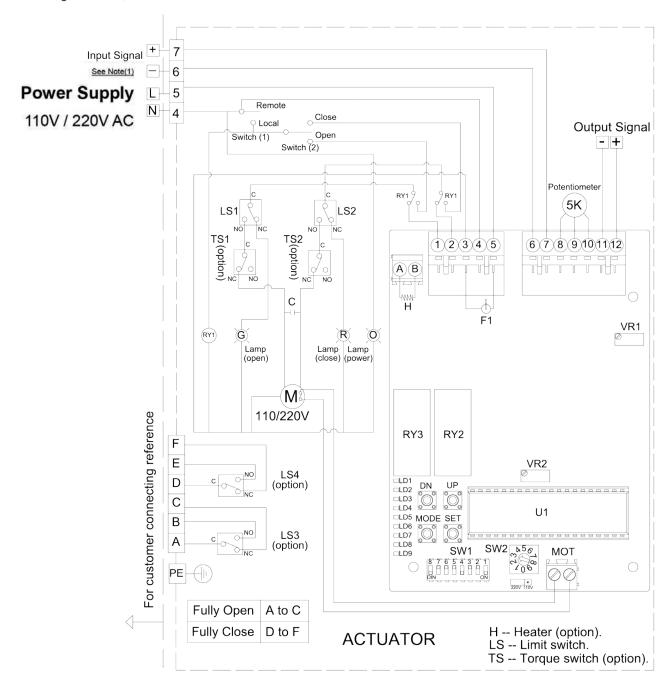
1. Using less than 5A current for "A, B, C, D, E, F"

- OM-2 to OM-13 220V, 380V, 440V AC 3-Phase
- · On-off controller, Local Control Unit



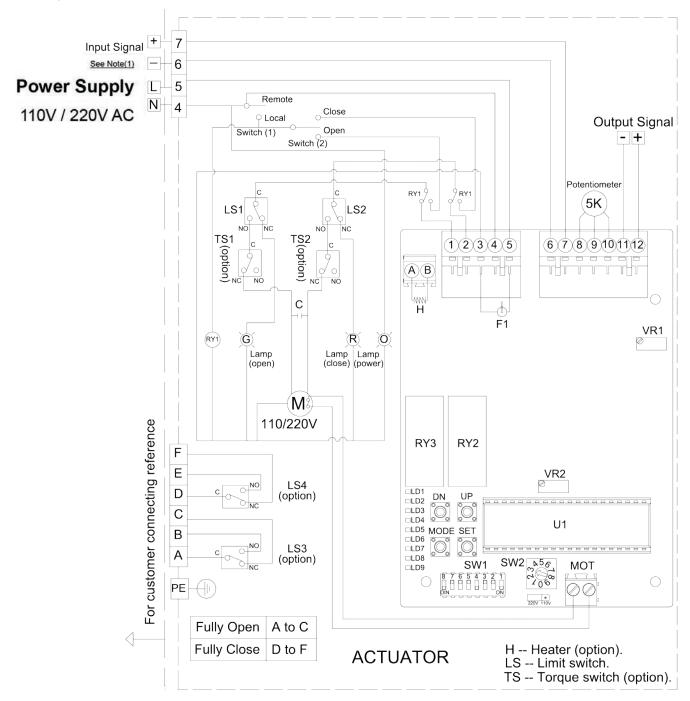
- 1. Please change any two of the U, V, W when the power lamp is off  $\,$
- 2. Switch (3) is the switch of remote control (provided by user)
  - a. Connecting #1 & #3 for OPEN
  - b. Connecting #1 & #4 for CLOSE
  - c. #1, #3, #4 cannot connect together at the same time
- 3. Using less than 5A current for "A, B, C, D, E, F"

- OM-2 to OM-8 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase
- Modulating Controller, Local Control Unit



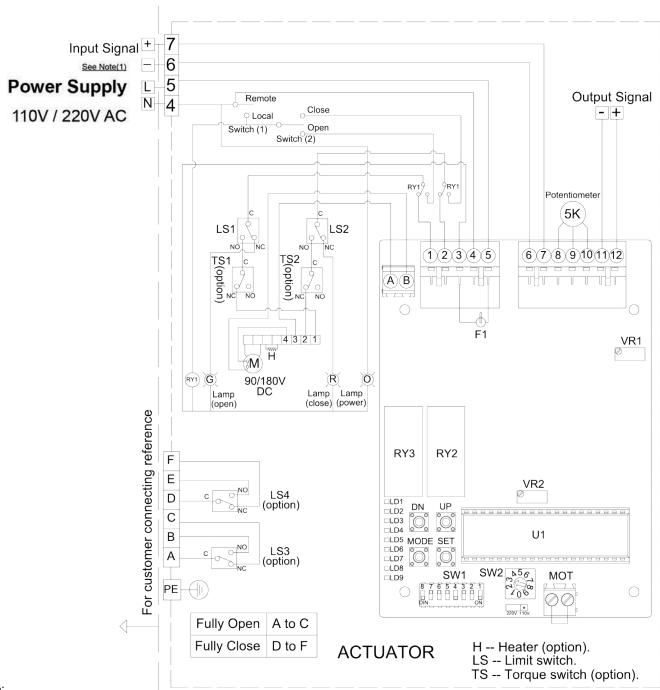
- 1. Modulating Board
  - a. Input signal: 4 to 20mA, 1 to 5V, 2 to 10V
    - It is suggested to use the shielding wire and its length should not exceed 30m.
  - b. Output Signal: 4 to 20mA, 2 to 10V
- 2. Local / Remote Switches
  - a. Select "Remote": Controlled by signal
  - b. Select "Local": Controlled by switch (2)
- 3. Using less than 5A current for "A, B, C, D, E, F"

- OM-2 to OM-8 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase
- · Modulating Controller, Local Control Unit, 75% duty cycle



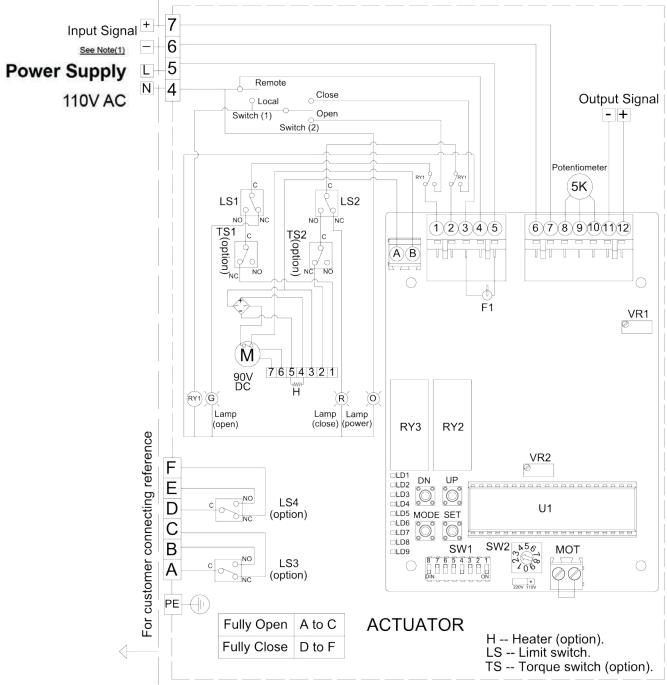
- 1. Modulating Board
  - a. Input signal: 4 to 20mA, 1 to 5V, 2 to 10V
    - It is suggested to use the shielding wire and its length should not exceed 30m.
  - b. Output Signal: 4 to 20mA, 2 to 10V
- 2. Local / Remote Switches
  - a. Select "Remote": Controlled by signal
  - b. Select "Local" : Controlled by switch (2)
- 3. Using less than 5A current for "A, B, C, D, E, F"

- OM-9 to OM-13 110V AC 1-Phase
- Modulating Controller, Local Control Unit, 50% duty cycle



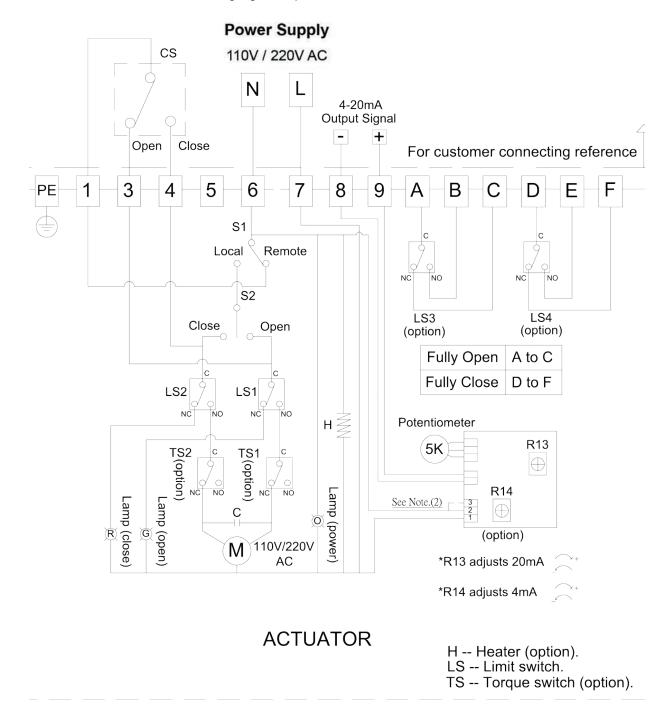
- 1. Modulating Board
  - a. Input signal: 4 to 20mA, 1 to 5V, 2 to 10V
     It is suggested to use the shielding wire and its length should not exceed 30m.
  - b. Output Signal: 4 to 20mA, 2 to 10V
- 2. Local / Remote Switches
  - a. Select "Remote": Controlled by signal
  - b. Select "Local": Controlled by switch (2)
- 3. Using less than 5A current for "A, B, C, D, E, F"

- OM-9 to OM-13 220V AC 1-Phase
- · Modulating Controller, Local Control Unit, 50% duty cycle



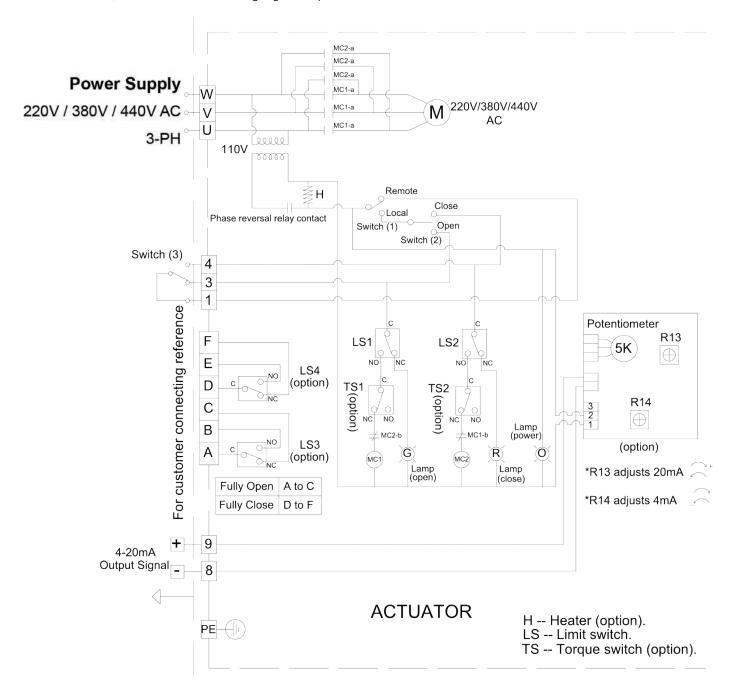
- 1. Modulating Board
  - a. Input signal: 4 to 20mA, 1 to 5V, 2 to 10V
    - It is suggested to use the shielding wire and its length should not exceed 30m.
  - b. Output Signal: 4 to 20mA, 2 to 10V
- 2. Local / Remote Switches
  - a. Select "Remote": Controlled by signal
  - b. Select "Local": Controlled by switch (2)
- 3. Using less than 5A current for "A, B, C, D, E, F"

- OM-2 to OM-13 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase
- On-off Controller, Local Control Unit, Analog Signal Output



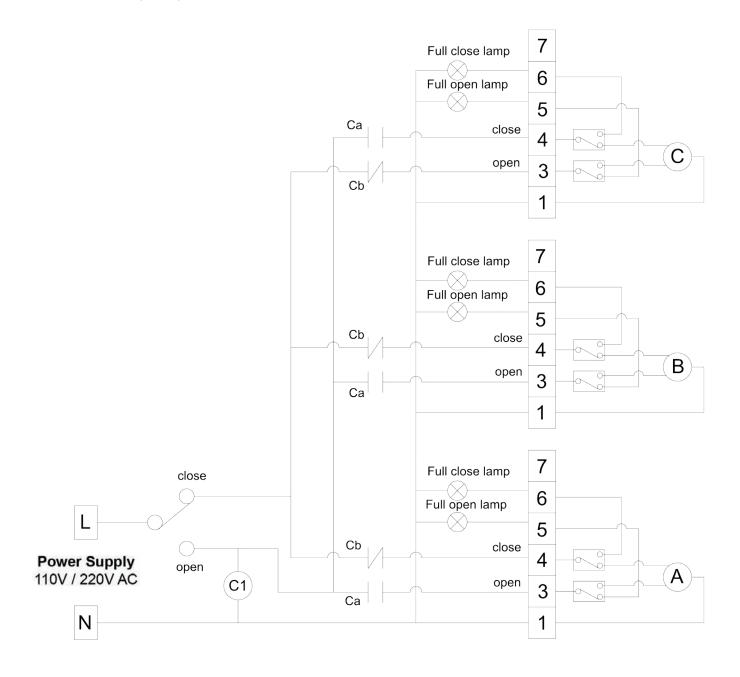
- 1. Using less than 5A current for "A, B, C, D, E, F"
- If the control power is 220V AC, N & L connect to #1 & #3
   If the control power is 110V AC, N & L connect to #1 & #2 or #2 & #3

- OM-2 to OM-13 220V, 380V, 440V AC 3-Phase
- · On-off Controller, Local Control Unit, Analog Signal Output



- 1. Please change any two of the U, V, W when the power lamp is off
- 2. Switch (3) is the switch of remote control (provided by user)
  - a. Connecting #1 & #3 for OPEN
  - b. Connecting #1 & #4 for CLOSE
  - c. #1, #3, #4 cannot connect together at the same time
- 3. Using less than 5A current for "A, B, C, D, E, F"

- BM-2, OM-A, OM-A-M, OM-1 to OM-13, OM-F, OM-G 110V, 220V AC 1-Phase
- Same Switch Coupling Wiring



- 1. The wiring is based on 3 sets of actuators for one switch 1 set is open and 2 sets are close (If more sets, the rest can be done by this logic).
- 2. When a set of control wire or switch needs to control two or more actuators at the same time, please refer to the wiring diagram.
- 3. Add one contractor for separation to prevent the interference of compression coupling.
- 4. C1 = 3a3b contactor

## **Adjustment - Travel Cam & Limit Switches**

#### Note:

If LS3 & LS4 are fitted, they should be set to trip prior to LS1 & LS2 to avoid over-travel.

The travel cams are set to control the open and closed position of the valve. The position is set to stop the travel of the actuator when the travel cams activate the limit switch. Standard is two limit switches (LS1 & LS2), one for open, one for closed. LS1 & LS2 limit the maximum range by disabling the electric motor. LS3 & LS4 are optional. They allow external equipment to confirm that the valve has reached the fully open and fully closed positions.

The travel cams can be adjusted with a 2.5mm Allen key. The cams are preset at the factory. When additional adjustments are needed, follow steps described below.

#### OM-A, OM-A-M

- 1. To set the open position:
  - a. Turn power off.
  - b. Use manual override to turn valve to the fully-open position.
  - c. Remove cover and loosen the M5 set screw on the TC1 with a 2.5mm Allen Key.
  - d. Rotate cam (TC1) counterclockwise to contact with switch.
  - e. Slowly rotate cam (TC1) clockwise until a light click is heard.
  - f. Securely tighten the M5 set screw and apply power to check the travel position. If the position is not correct, please repeat steps a to f.
  - g. After the adjustment is completed, check again the M5 set screw is securely tightened.

#### 2. To set the close position:

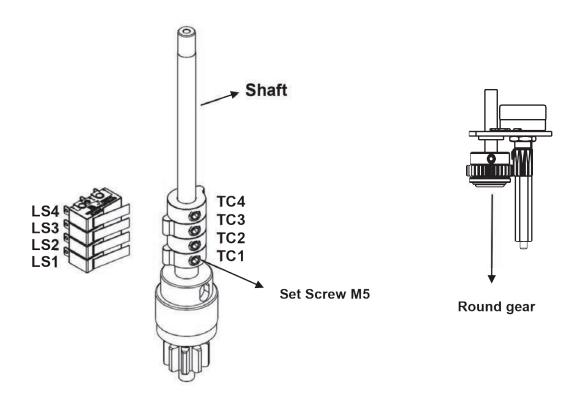
- a. Turn power off.
- b. Use manual override to turn valve to the fully-closed position.
- c. Loosen the M5 set screw on the TC2 with a 2.5mm Allen key.
- d. Rotate cam (TC2) clockwise to contact with switch.
- e. Slowly rotate cam (TC2) counterclockwise until a light click is heard.
- f. Securely tighten the set screw and apply power to check the traveling position. If the position is not correct, please repeat steps a to f.
- g. After the adjustment is completed, check again the M5 set screw is securely tightened.

### Modulating type:

Loosen M5 set screw on round gear before setting, after completing fully-open and fully-closed calibration, run the actuator to fully-closed position, then rotate round gear counterclockwise to the end and tighten M5 set screw.

## **Adjustment - Travel Cam & Limit Switches**

• OM-A, OM-A-M



- TC 4 Synchronous turn with TC2 (optional).
- TC 3 Synchronous turn with TC1 (optional).
- TC 2 "CLOSE" Clockwise: increase closing degree to fully closed.
  - Counterclockwise: decrease closing degree.
- TC 1 "OPEN" Clockwise: decrease opening degree.
  - Counterclockwise: increase opening degree to fully open.

#### OM-1, BM-2, OM-2 to 13, OM-F, OM-G

- 1. To set the open position:
  - a. Turn power off and loosen both mechanical stops (Please refer to P55 and except OM-A, BM-2, OM-A, OM-A-M).
  - b. Use manual override to turn valve to the fully-open position.
  - c. Remove cover and loosen the M5 set screw on the TC1 with a 2.5mm Allen Key.
  - d. Rotate cam (TC1) clockwise to contact with switch.
  - e. Slowly rotate cam (TC1) counterclockwise until a light click is heard.
  - f. Securely tighten the set screw and apply power to check the travel position. If the position is not correct, please repeat steps a to f.
  - g. After the adjustment is completed, check again the M5 set screw is securely tightened.

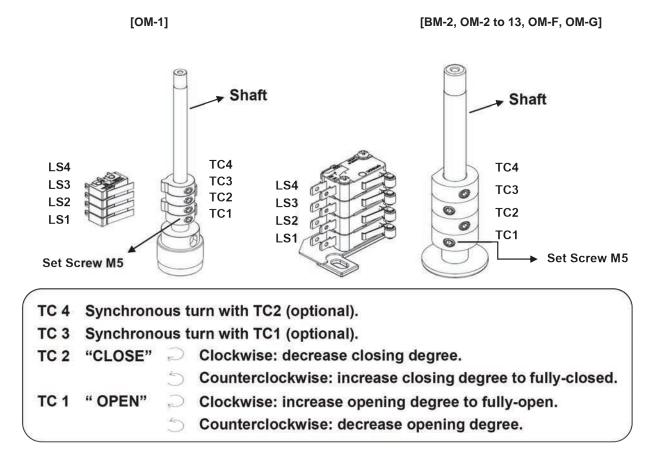
## **Adjustment - Travel Cam & Limit Switches**

#### 2. To set the close position:

- a. Turn power off
- b. Use manual override to turn valve to the fully closed position
- c. Loosen the M5 set screw on the TC2 with a 2.5mm Allen key
- d. Rotate cam (TC1) clockwise to contact with switch
- e. Slowly rotate cam (TC2) clockwise until a light click is heard
- f. Securely tighten the set screw and apply power to check the travel position. If the position is not correct, please repeat steps a to f
- g. After the adjustment is completed, check again the M5 set screw is securely tightened
- h. Tighten both mechanical stops and per P55

### Modulating type:

Loosen M5 set screw on sector gear (round gear) before setting, after completing fully-open and fully-closed calibration, run the actuator to fully-closed position, then rotate sector gear (round gear) clockwise to the end and tighten M5 set screw.



## **Adjustment - Mechanical Stops**

CAUTION: Mechanical stops should only be reached during manual operation



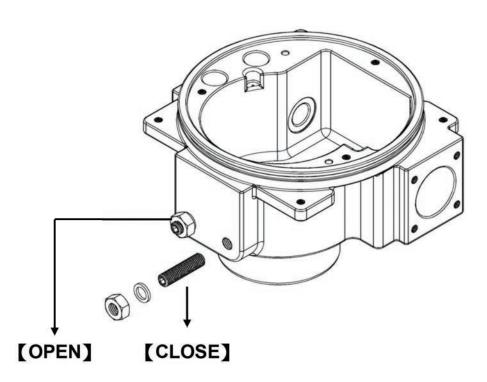
The Mechanical stops are factory set, though in some cases adjustment may be required once a valve is fitted.

### 1. For Electric Operation

Please refer to "Adjustment - Travel Cam & Limit Switches

### 2. For Manual Operation

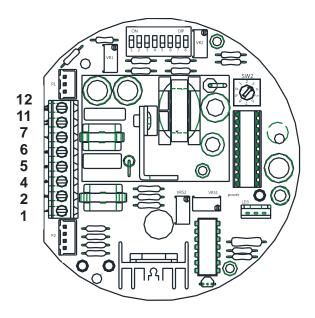
- a. Turn power off.
- b. Loosen locknut and unwind it a few turns.
- c. For modulating type, loosen the set screw on the sector gear first.
- d. Use manual override to turn the actuator to desire limit position.
- e. For modulating type, rotate sector gear clockwise to the end. Then tighten set screw.
- f. Tighten the mechanical stop screw until it reaches the shaft, then reverse one cycle.
- g. Tighten locknut.
- h. Check that the electrical limit switches can still be reached.



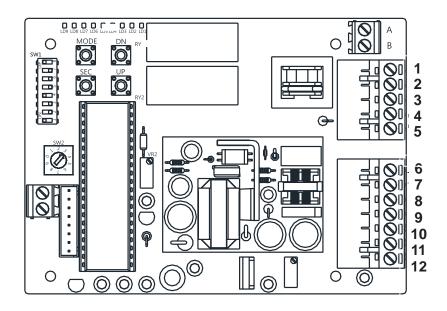
Part A: Suitable for OM-1 to OM-13 ` OM-A ` OM-A-M ` OM-F ` OM-G

1. Surface The surface is based on the actuator in 110 / 220V voltage.

OM-1 OM-A OM-A-M

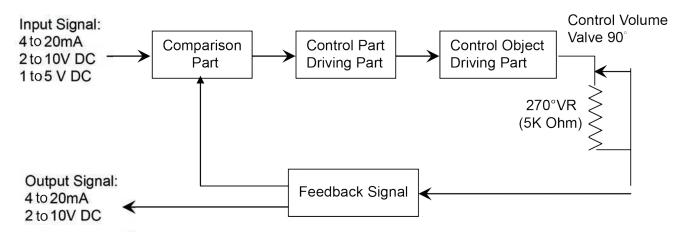


### OM-2 to OM-13 OM-F OM-G



Part A: Suitable for OM-1 to OM-13 ` OM-A ` OM-A-M ` OM-F ` OM-G

#### 2. Procedure



Supplied Voltage: 24V DC / AC, 110V / 220V AC 1- Phase

### 3. DIP-SWITCH SETTING (SW1)



	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Factory setting	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
4to20mA input	ON	OFF						
1to5V input	OFF	OFF						
2to10V input	OFF	ON						
4to20mA output			OFF	ON	OFF			
2to10V output			ON	OFF	ON			
20mA / 5V / 10V means valve fully-open OFF								
20mA / 5V / 10V means valve fully-closed ON								
Close valve if input signal disconnected ( when S6 sets " OFF")						)	OFF	ON
Open valve if input signal disconnected ( when S6 sets " OFF")						)	ON	OFF
Actuator will not operate if input signal disconnected							ON	ON
(when S6 sets " OFF")							OFF	OFF

### NOTE:

- 1. After completing dip-switch setting, restart the actuator.
- 2. The standard factory presetting is 1, 4, 8 for ON and 2, 3, 5, 6, 7 for OFF.

Part A: Suitable for OM-1 to OM-13 `OM-A `OM-A-M `OM-F `OM-G

	Function	Setting		
		"4 to 20mA" set 1-ON / 2-OFF		
S1, 2	Input signal select	"1 to 5V" set 1-OFF / 2-OFF		
		"2 to 10V" set 1-OFF / 2-ON		
S2 4 5	Output signal calcat	"4 to 20mA" set 3-OFF / 4-ON / 5-OFF		
S3, 4, 5	Output signal select	"2-10V" set 3-ON / 4-OFF / 5-ON		
When S6 sets "ON"				
	Input Signal Select			
<b>S</b> 6	4mA, 2V, 1V → valve fully open	Set 6-ON		
	20mA, 10V, 5V → valve fully-closed			
		"valve fully-closed" set 7-ON / 8-OFF		
\$7, 8	Position select	"valve fully-open" set 7-OFF / 8-ON		
	(When the input signal fails)	"valve stops" set 7-ON / 8-ON		
		or 7-OFF / 8-OFF		
When S6 sets "OFF"				
	Input signal select			
S6	4mA, 2V, 1V → valve fully closed	Set 6-OFF		
	20mA, 10V, 5V → valve fully-open			
		"valve fully closed" set 7-OFF / 8-ON		
67.0	Position select	"valve fully-open" set 7-ON / 8-OFF		
S7, 8	(When the input signal fails)	"valve stops" set 7-ON / 8-ON		
		or 7-OFF / 8-OFF		

#### Part A: Suitable for OM-1 to OM-13 `OM-A ` OM-A-M ` OM-F ` OM-G

4. Sensitivity Switch Setting (SW2)



- a. When switch to "1": The Highest Sensitive and the 0 to 90 degree can be divided up to around 50 times movement.
- b. When switch to "0": The Lowest Sensitive and the 0 to 90 degree can be divided up to around 10 times movement.
- c. The sensitivity decreases 5 times movement by sectors from SW1 to SW2, SW2 to SW3, SW3 to SW4 and so on.
- 5. Settings for OPEN and CLOSE (OM-1, OM-A, OM-A-M)

The settings are set at factory, though in some cases re-set may be required when a particular rate of signal is requested.

#### Adjust output signal / input signal

VR1-Adjust 10V, 20mA (Input signal: fully-open)

VR51- Adjust 10V, 20mA (Output signal: fully-open)

VR2-Adjust 2V, 4mA (Input signal: fully closed)

VR52-Adjust 2V, 4mA (Output signal: fully-closed)



The function of VR

#### Note: If it is necessary to adjust VR51 and VR52, VR1 and VR2 also need to be adjusted accordingly.

a.	Rotate VR1 counterclockwise until a light click is heard, then supply 10V (or 20mA) modulating board. Slightly rotate V	/R1
	clockwise until green LED keeps on. Adjust VR51 to complete.	

Counterclockwise: increasing signal.

b. Rotate VR2 clockwise until a light click is heard, then supply 2V (or 4mA) to modulating board. Slightly rotate VR2 counterclockwise until red LED keeps on. Adjust VR51 to complete.

VR52: Clockwise: decreasing signal.

Counterclockwise: increasing signal.

#### Part A: Suitable for OM-1 to OM-13 'OM-A ' OM-A-M ' OM-F ' OM-G

6. Settings for OPEN and CLOSE (OM-2 to OM-13 ` OM-F ` OM-G)

The settings are set at factory, though in some cases re-set may be required when a particular rate of signal is requested.

#### **OPEN** setting

- a. Keep pressing "SET" for 2 seconds, then LD 9 comes on, it will enter to the manual mode.
- b. Keep pressing "UP" until actuator runs to fully-open position, LD2 comes on, then supplies the input signal (5V or 10V or 20mA)
- c. Press "MODE" once. The OPEN setting is completed.

### **CLOSE** setting

- a. Keep pressing "DOWN" until actuator runs to fully-closed position, LD1 comes on, then supplies input signal (1V or 2V or 4mA)
- b. Press "MODE" once. The CLOSE setting is completed.

### After completing the above settings, press "SET" once

#### Adjust output signal

### Part A: Suitable for OM-1 to OM-13 `OM-A ` OM-A-M ` OM-F ` OM-G

### 7. Lamp Signal (OM-2 to OM-13 ` OM-F ` OM-G)

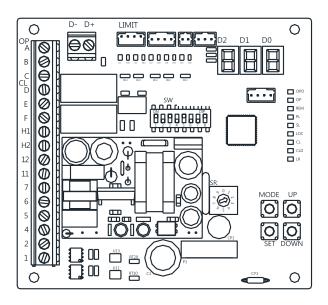
LD1	Fully-closed	LD6	Motor thermostat turn off
LD2	Fully-open	LD7	Output signal short circuit
LD3	Power	LD8	Motor current is excessive
LD4	Abnormal voltage	LD9	Manual Mode
LD5	Wrong input signal		

### If the LED (LD4 to LD9) is flashing under modulating control, refer to the following "Modulating Board Troubleshooting".

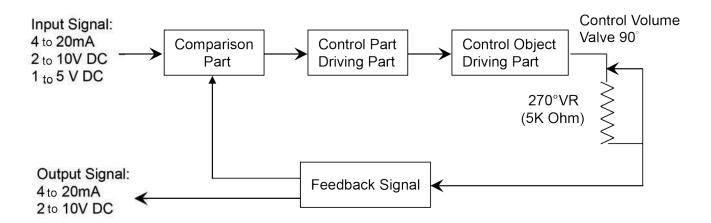
Lamp	Possibilities	Solution		
	<ul><li>a. No power supply</li><li>b. The voltage is over 260V to cause the board burn out</li></ul>	a. Check the power supply and wiring (#4 & #5 of modulating board).		
No Lamp LD3 off	c. Wrong connecting for the #8, #9 of the VR	b. Check the voltage.		
	d. Faulty Modulating board	c. Check the wiring.		
		d. Send back to factory for inspection.		
	a. Setting in 2 to 10V input signal but supply 4 to 20mA			
LD5	<ul> <li>Setting in 2 to10V input signal, but the input signal is over 13.5V</li> </ul>	Confirm if the input signal is the same as dip switch settir		
	**Setting in 4 to 20mA but supply 2 to 10V signal. The	( refer to P57 to P58).		
	actuator could still be operated within 2 to 7V. But if			
	the signal is over 7.2V the LED5 will come ON.			
LD6	Motor thermostat turns off	a. Too high frequency for rated duty cycle(refer to P5).		
	Motor thermostat turns on	b. Motor thermostat (MOT) is not connected.		
LD7	a. Output signal short circuit.	a. Confirm the wiring of output signal #11 (-) ` #12 (+)		
LD/	b. Wrong connecting of the 2-10V input signal.	b. Confirm the input signal for #6 (-) ` #7 (+)		
		a. Too high frequency for rated duty cycle (refer to P5).		
LD8	Motor current is excessive	b. Check the load (refer to P7 to P8).		
		c. Check if the motor rotor is locked (For example: Valve		
		is stuck by foreign objects).		
LD9	Manual mode - setting position for open & close	After completing the settings, press "SET" once		

### Part B: Suitable for OM-1 `OM-A `OM-A-M ` (Option: MODBUS)

#### 1.Surface



#### 2. Procedure



Part B: Suitable for OM-1 `OM-A `OM-A-M ` (Option: MODBUS)

3.Dip-switch setting (SW)

ON DIP 1 ON								
123456	78	] OFF						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Factory setting	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
4to20ma input	ON	OFF						
1to5V input	OFF	OFF						
2to10V input	OFF	ON						
MODBUS	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON			
4-20mA output			OFF	ON	OFF			
2-10V output			ON	OFF	ON			
20mA / 5V / 10V means valve fully-open OFF						OFF		
20mA / 5V / 10V means valve fully-closed ON								
Close valve if input signal disconnected ( when S6 sets"OFF")						OFF	ON	
Open valve if input signal disconnected ( when S6 sets "OFF")						ON	OFF	
Actuator will not operate if input signal disconnected						ON	ON	
(when S6 sets "OFF")						OFF	OFF	

### NOTE:

- 1. After completing dip-switch setting, restart the actuator or wait for 5 seconds.
- 2. The standard factory presetting is 1, 4, 8 for ON and 2, 3, 5, 6, 7 for OFF  $\mbox{\sc "}$

Part B: Suitable for OM-1 to OM-13 `OM-A `OM-A-M (Option: MODBUS)

	Function	Setting
		"4 to 20mA" set 1-ON / 2-OFF
\$1, 2	Input signal select	"1 to 5V" set 1-OFF / 2-OFF
		"2 to 10V" set 1-OFF / 2-ON
		"4 to 20mA" set 3-OFF / 4-ON / 5-OFF
S3, 4, 5	Output signal select	"2 to 10V" set 3-ON / 4-OFF / 5-ON
		"MODBUS" set 3-ON / 4-ON / 5-ON
When S6 sets "ON"		
	Input Signal Select	
S6	4mA, 2V, 1V → valve fully open	Set 6-ON
	20mA, 10V, 5V → valve fully-closed	
		"valve fully-closed" set 7-OFF / 8-ON
67.9	Position select	"valve fully-open" set 7-ON / 8-OFF
S7, 8	(When the input signal fails)	"valve stops" set 7-ON / 8-ON
		or 7-OFF / 8-OFF
When S6 sets "OFF"	·	
	Input signal select	
S6	4mA, 2V, 1V → valve fully closed	Set 6-OFF
	20mA, 10V, 5V → valve fully-open	
		"valve fully closed" set 7-OFF / 8-ON
S7, 8	Position select	"valve fully-open" set 7-ON / 8-OFF
37,0	(When the input signal fails)	"valve stops" set 7-ON / 8-ON
		or 7-OFF / 8-OFF

### Part B: Suitable for OM-1 `OM-A `OM-A-M (Option: MODBUS)

4. Sensitivity Switch Setting (SR1)



- a. When switch to "1": The highest sensitive and can be divided up to around 76 times movement. The accumulative variation for each movement is 0.2mA.
- b. When switch to "0": The lowest sensitive and can be divided up to around 15 times movement. The accumulative variation for each movement is 1.0mA.

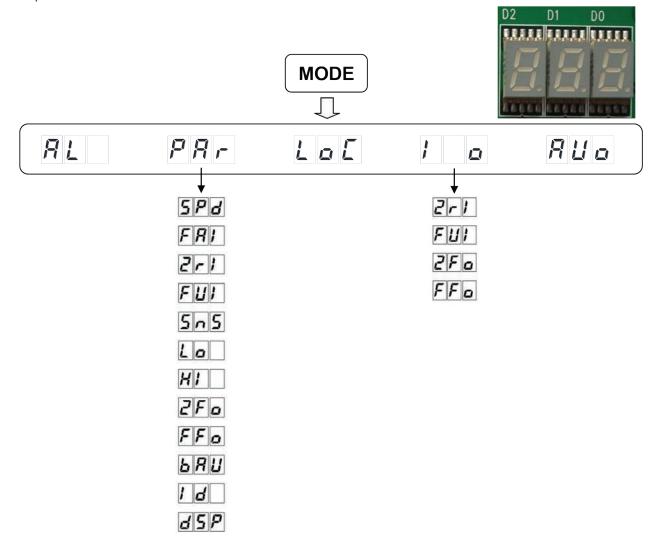
### 5. Lamp Indication

Lamp	Actuator Status
OPD	Fully-open position
OP	Opening direction
REM	Remote control mode
PL	Alerting signal
SL	Setting mode
LOC	Local control mode
CL	Closing direction
CLD	Fully-closed position

### Part B: Suitable for OM-1 `OM-A `OM-A-M (Option: MODBUS)

#### 6. LED Indication

a. Setup flow chart



## Part B: Suitable for OM-1 ` OM-A ` OM-A-M (Option: MODBUS)

### b. The function of LED indication

LED indication	Function				
AL	Error log				
PRr	Basic parameter				
LOE	Local control				
	Fast setting				
AU <sub>o</sub>	Auto run				
SPd	Running time setting				
FRI	Wrong input signal				
2-1	Input signal setting for fully-closed position				
FUI	Input signal setting for fully-open position				
5/5	Sensitivity Setting				
Lo	Fully-closed position setting				
HI	Fully-open position setting				
2F0	Output signal setting for fully-closed position				
FFO	Output signal setting for fully-open position				
ЬЯИ	Baud rate setting for MODBUS				
i d	Station setting for MODBUS				
dSP	Display setting				

#### Part B: Suitable for OM-1 `OM-A `OM-A-M (Option: MODBUS)

### 7. Adjustable Speed Setting

- a. Press "MODE" several times to get into **PR** then press "SET" once to enter parameter setting mode.
- b. Get into **5 P** and keep pressing "SET" (around 3 sec) to enter setting mode.
- c. Adjust with "UP" and "DOWN" to the required selection

Selection	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Running										
time	Standard	30	60	80	100	120	150	180	200	200
(sec.)										

- d. Press "SET" once to complete the adjustable speed setting
- e. Press "MODE" five times to go back to position indicator to complete the setting

### 8. Travel Setting

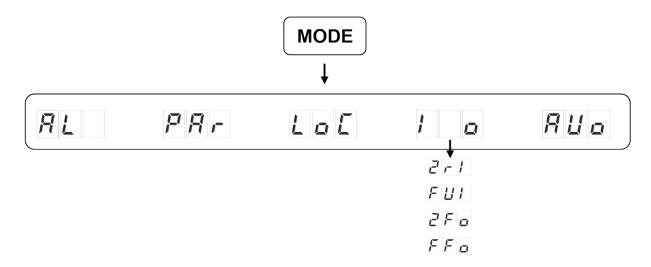
- b. Keep pressing "SET" (around 5 sec) until "LOC" comes on, entering the Auto run mode.
- c. When the Auto run is completed, "LOC" comes off and the actuator will stop running. The travel setting is completed.

### Part B: Suitable for OM-1 `OM-A `OM-A-M ` (Option: MODBUS)

#### 9. Signal setting



If the travel setting could not satisfy your request, the signal is needed to be adjusted separately, please follow the steps of signal setting.



### Input signal setting for fully-closed position

- a. Press "MODE" several times until you get into [ ], then press "SET" once to enter signal setting mode.
- b. Get into [2, -] and keep pressing "SET" (around 3 sec) until [2, -] is glittering.
- c. Supply the input signal according to the dip switch setting (1V or 2V or 4mA).
- d. Press "SET" once and "MODE" twice to complete the input signal setting for fully-closed position.

Part B: Suitable for OM-1 `OM-A `OM-A-M (Option: MODBUS)

#### Input signal setting for fully-open position

- a. Press "MODE" several times until you get into / then press "SET" once to enter signal setting mode.
- b. Adjust with "UP" and "DOWN" until you get 🗜 📙 🕻 .
- c. Keep pressing "SET" (around 3 sec) until | F | | is glittering.
- d. Supply the input signal according to the dip switch setting (5V or 10V or 20mA).
- e. Press "SET" once and "MODE" twice to complete the input signal setting for fully-open position.

#### Output signal setting for fully-closed position

Install the ammeter or monitor to correspond to output signal setting



- a. Press "MODE" several times until you get into / then press "SET" once to enter signal setting mode.
- b. Adjust with "UP" and "DOWN" until you get into  $\begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin$
- c. Keep pressing "SET" (around 3 sec).
- d. Adjust the output value with "UP" and "DOWN" until the value can fit with your request.
- e. Press "SET" once and "MODE" twice to complete the output signal setting for fully-closed position.

### Output signal setting for fully-open position

Install the ammeter or monitor to correspond to output signal setting



- a. Press "MODE" several times until you get into | then press "SET" once to enter signal setting mode.
- b. Adjust with "UP" and "DOWN" until you get  $\c F \c F \c$
- c. Keep pressing "SET" (around 3 sec).
- d. Adjust the output value with "UP" and "DOWN" until the value can fit with your request.
- e. Press "SET" once and "MODE" twice to complete the output signal setting for fully-open position.

Part B: Suitable for OM-1 `OM-A `OM-A-M ` (Option: MODBUS)

- 10. Warning Message

  - b. Adjust with "UP" and "DOWN" to review the history log of warning message.

<u>Item (9,8,70)</u>	Warning Message	<u>Solution</u>
(The latest data)		<ul><li>a. Input signal fails.</li><li>b. Check if the input</li></ul>
8.	Wrong Input signal.	signal and dip switch setting are correct.
7.		
5.		
<b>5</b> .		
4	55	
3.	No abnormal records.	
2.		
(The oldest data)		

※ The latest data will stay with the item 9.

### Part B: Suitable for OM-1 `OM-A `OM-A-M ` (Option: MODBUS)

### c. Example

- If you want to check the latest data, press "MODE" several times until you get into  $\boxed{R \ L} \longrightarrow \text{Press}$  "SET" once  $\to$  The LED display will show the latest data .
- If you want to check eighth data, press "MODE" several times until you get into R L → Press "SET" once → Press "DOWN" seven times and the LED display will show the eighth data.

### 11. MODBUS Setting



MODBUS and modulating controller cannot be operated at the same.

- 1. Adjust the dip switch (SW) Pin1 to Pin5 to "ON" position.
- 2. Baud rate setting
  - a. Press "MODE" twice until you get into PR...
  - b. Press "SET" once to get into **5 P d**.

  - d. Keep pressing "SET" (around 3 sec) until the LED indicator is glittering to get into setting mode.
  - e. Adjust the "UP" and "DOWN" to set baud rate for MODBUS. Adjust to your demand value (default valve #4)

Setting Value	Baud rate
4	9600
5	19200

f. Press "SET" once to complete the setting.

### Part B: Suitable for OM-1 `OM-A `OM-A-M ` (Option:MODBUS)

- 3. Station Setting
  - a. Press "DOWN" once to get into I
  - b. Keep pressing "SET" (around 3 sec) until the LED indicator is glittering to get into setting mode.
  - c. Adjust the "UP" and "DOWN" to set the station. (Station Range: 1 to 127, default Station: 1)
  - d. Press "Set" once to complete the setting.
- 4. Press "MODE" four times to get back to home page.

## **Trouble Shooting**

### **ON-OFF Controller**

### 1. Motor does not operate and overheats

Possibilities	Solution
a. Supply power to #3 ` #4 simultaneously (parallel connection)	a. Check the wiring (for coupling wiring, refer to P51)
b. The capacitor failed (whether the surface of the capacitor	b. Replace to a new part
deforms)	
c. Valve's rubber is getting hardened or the valve's torque is	c. Use hand-wheel for test or change to a new valve
excessive (it takes longer time to reach fully-closed position)	
d. Foreign objects in the flow stream	d. Check if any obstructions
e. Broken motor stem or bearing	e. Replace to a new part
f. The limit switch for fully-closed does not trip	f. Operate the actuator manually to fully-closed position and
	confirm if the limit switch trips.

### 2. The actuator is operated very well but the motor is hot.

Possibilities	Solution
a. Actuator operates too frequently (starting frequency is too	a. Change system bandwidth or replace to a higher duty cycle
high)	actuator (refer to P5)
b. Overload	b. This situation often happens after operating for a long time. It
	is suggested to replace to a new valve.
c. Under or over rated voltage	c. Check the supply circuit (refer to P7 to P8)
d. Mechanical stops are reached by the gear train at fully-open	d. Reset the mechanical stops and cam (TC1 & TC2) (refer to
or fully-closed position	P52 to P55)
e. Wrong power supply	e. Check the power supply

# 3. When operating two or more actuators simultaneously, the actuator works abnormally some times and the motor is getting hot.

Possibilities	Solution
a. Parallel connection	a. Check current values and install a relay respectively (refer to
	wiring diagram P51)

## **Trouble Shooting**

### 4. The valve cannot fully-open or fully-close by either power supply or hand-wheel

Possibilities	Solution
a. The actuator does not mount with the valve tightly during	a. Check the wiring (for coupling wiring, refer to P51)
installation process.	
b. The torque of valve is larger than the torque of actuator	b. Replace to a new valve or a larger actuator
c. The set screw of the cam is loose	c. Readjust the mechanical stops and limit switches (refer to P52
	to P55)
d. The installing angle of actuator and valve is not correct	d. Check the angle of the valve and actuator

### 5. The capacitor has failed

Possibilities	Solution
a. Overload (exceed the rated torque of actuator)	a. Replace to a new part. It's suggested to change a new valve
	or a larger actuator
b. Starting frequency is too high or ambient temperature is too	b. Replace to a new part and change to 75% duty cycle actuator
high	(refer to P5)
c. Over service life	c. Check the capacitance and surface every year

### **Modulating Controller**

### 1. The LED (LD5 to LD9) is flashing after the operating check is completed

	Solution
a. Refer to P58	

# 2. The lamps on the modulating board are normal but the actuator can't work properly during test or it only can turn to fully open/closed position.

Possibilities	Solution
a. The signal is connected oppositely (means to signal failure)	a. Confirm if the input signal and the wiring are correct (terminal
	#6 connects to "-" and terminal #7 connects to "+")

### 3. Cannot operate by modulating controller

Possibilities	Solution
a. Faulty VR	a. Replace to a new VR
b. The sector gear of the VR is loose	b. Remove the input signal wires. Operate the actuator to fully-
	closed. Then readjust the VR (refer to P52 to P54)
c. Wrong input signal	c. Check if the input signal is correct (refer to P52 to P54)
d. Faulty modulating board	d. Send back to factory for inspection

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